

PUBLIC RI REPORT

2021 PILOT

Evli Plc

Generated 2022-11-21

About this report

The PRI Reporting Framework helps to build a common language and industry standard for reporting responsible investment activities. **Public RI Reports** provide accountability and transparency on signatories' responsible investment activities and support dialogue within signatories' organisations, as well as with their clients, beneficiaries and other stakeholders.

This **Public RI Report** is an export of the signatory's responses to the PRI Reporting Framework during the 2021 reporting period. It includes the signatory's responses to mandatory indicators, as well as responses to voluntary indicators that the signatory has agreed to make public.

The information is presented exactly as it was reported. Where an indicator offered a multiple-choice response, all options that were available to select from are included for context. While presenting the information verbatim results in lengthy reports, the approach is informed by signatory feedback that signatories prefer that the PRI does not summarise the information.

Context

In consultation with signatories, between 2018 and 2020 the PRI extensively reviewed the Reporting and Assessment processes and set the ambitious objective of launching in 2021 a completely new investor Reporting Framework, together with a new reporting tool.

We ran the new investor Reporting and Assessment process as a pilot in its first year, and such process included providing additional opportunities for signatories to provide feedback on the Reporting Framework, the online reporting tool and the resulting reports. The feedback from this pilot phase has been, and is continuing to be analysed, in order to identify any improvements that can be included in future reporting cycles.

PRI disclaimer

This document presents information reported directly by signatories in the 2021 reporting cycle. This information has not been audited by the PRI or any other party acting on its behalf. While this information is believed to be reliable, no representations or warranties are made as to the accuracy of the information presented.

The PRI has taken reasonable action to ensure that data submitted by signatories in the reporting tool is reflected in their official PRI reports accurately. However, it is possible that small data inaccuracies and/or gaps remain, and the PRI shall not be responsible or liable for such inaccuracies and gaps.

Table of Contents

Module/Indicator	Page
Senior Leadership Statement (SLS)	4
Organisational Overview (OO)	8
Investment and Stewardship Policy (ISP)	37
Manager Selection, Appointment and Monitoring (SAM)	73
Listed Equity (LE)	99
Fixed Income (FI)	116
Private Equity (PE)	130
Real Estate (RE)	140

Senior Leadership Statement (SLS)

Senior leadership statement

Our commitment

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
SLS 1 S1	CORE	N/A	N/A	PUBLIC	Our commitment	GENERAL

- Why does your organisation engage in responsible investment?
- What is your organisation's overall approach to responsible investment?
- What are the main differences between your organisation's approach to responsible investment in its ESG practice and in other practices, across asset classes?

We at Evli want to achieve the best possible return for our clients' investments. We believe that investors and companies that take responsibility issues into consideration will benefit in the long term. We also want to promote openness and transparency through responsible investment. We have therefore integrated factors that affect the environment, social and governance into Evli Wealth Management's investment operations in accordance with our principles of responsible investment.

Our responsible investing practices are a) analysis of responsibility factors; b) monitoring, active ownership, and engagement; c) excluding companies from investment; and d) reporting on responsibility factors to clients. With these practices, we can ensure that the responsibility factors have been systematically integrated with our investment operations. These practices are applied in all the different asset classes and adjusted across asset class considering the asset class specific characteristics. The principles of responsible investment and practical procedures are decided on by the Responsible Investment Executive Group, which consists of the Chief Executive Officer, the Chief Investment Officer, and the heads of the following groups: Legal, Risk Management and Compliance, Institutional Clients, Private Clients, Equities or Fixed Income, Discretionary Mandates and Sustainability. The Responsible Investment Executive Group reports to the Executive Group of Evli Bank.

One key element of Evli's responsibility is engagement. Evli engages independently through direct dialogue with companies and participates in collaborative engagement initiatives with other investors. Evli attends general meetings in Finland. Evli also participates in certain collaborative engagement initiatives that are aimed at influencing the market on a wider level. One of the benefits of collaborative engagement is that it allows those companies in which Evli is not an owner to be influenced. Climate change mitigation has been the most important theme in the collaborative engagement initiatives that Evli has joined.

Evli is committed to observing the UN's Principles of Responsible Investment (UN PRI) in its investment operations and reports its operations to the UN PRI annually. In addition, Evli has participated in the CDP initiative since 2007. The initiative collects data on the environmental impact of different industrial sectors and the measures taken by companies to reduce harmful environmental impacts. Evli is also a member of Finsif, Finland's Sustainable Investment Forum. The purpose of Finsif is to promote responsible investing that takes environmental and social issues and good governance into consideration in asset management and when making investment decisions.

Annual overview

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
SLS 1 S2	CORE	N/A	N/A	PUBLIC	Annual overview	GENERAL

- o Discuss your organisation's progress during the reporting year on the responsible investment issue you consider most relevant or material to your organisation or its assets.
- Reflect on your performance with respect to your organisation's responsible investment objectives and targets during the reporting year. This might involve e.g. outlining your single most important achievement, or describing your general progress, on topics such as the following:
 - refinement of ESG analysis and incorporation
 - stewardship activities with investees and/or with policy makers
 - collaborative engagements
 - attainment of responsible investment certifications and/or awards

In the beginning of 2020, responsibility was raised to be one of Evli's strategic focus areas. As part of the new strategy Evli has established Responsible Investment (RI) Executive Group, which includes Evli's CEO and executives from the legal and risk management department, institutional and private clients' departments, portfolio management and responsible investment (RI) team. Evli's general exclusion criteria were also widened, and tobacco manufacturers, adult entertainment producers and companies practicing controversial lending are now excluded from all Evli's funds with 5% revenue threshold. Evli's climate change principles were also tightened, with oil sands extraction being added to the excluded sectors with a 30% revenue limit. In addition, Evli created a fund group, which is subject to broader exclusion. Evli also set 4 responsibility related targets for 2020-2021: 1. to improve ESG reporting for Evli's funds and clients' investments 2. to deepen ESG integration in portfolio management 3. to launch new responsibility funds, and 4

to set climate targets. Three of these targets have already proceeded. During H1 2020 the fund's ESG reports and ESG tools for the portfolio managers were updated and improved. In the autumn 2020 new funds Evli Green Corporate Bond, Evli Equity Factor Global and Evli Forest Fund were launch. During the year 2020 Evli also set a separate Climate Change Working Committee to work related to the climate targets. This committee consist different stakeholders within the portfolio management and RI Executive Group. In 2020, Evli's RI team contacted nine companies. The cases of engagement were related to good governance, board of directors' fees, share issue authorisations, articles of association, responsibility information produced by companies, climate change and a suspected case of corruption. In addition to the engagement work carried out by the RI team, portfolio managers also actively engage in discussions with companies.

One of the growing themes in 2020 was the EU taxonomy and the related targets for companies. Portfolio managers met with companies 700 times during 2020. Evli also attended AGMs in Finland. Evli was also an active member of the financial actors group established in 2020 for the open discussion between the financial actors and Finnish policy makers related to the SFDR. During 2020, Evli continued taking part of the former collaborative engagements e.g. Climate Action 100+, PRI-led collaborative engagement 'Need for Biodiversity Metrics' and the Investor Agenda Statement to Governments on Climate Change. Evli also joined a new collaborative engagement initiative under PRI, The Need for Biodiversity Metrics and the CDP's new collaborative engagement initiative on setting science-based climate targets (the Science-Based Targets). In addition to this Evli signed the Sustainable Recovery from the Covid-19 Pandemic joint statement addressed to the EU's decision-makers and joined in the Real Estate side the Green Building Council, an association whose key focus is to promote practices that support sustainable development in the built environment. In 2020 Evli ranked best in responsible investment in Finland for the 4th consecutive year according to the survey of KANTAR SIFO Prospera External Asset Management Finland 2020..

Next steps

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
SLS 1 S3	CORE	N/A	N/A	PUBLIC	Next steps	GENERAL

What specific steps has your organisation outlined to advance your commitment to responsible investment in the next two years?

Focus areas have been determined for Evli's responsibility in 2020–2021, which will allow Evli's responsible investment to be taken in an even more systematic direction. In the first half of 2021, concrete responsible investment development measures have included publishing client specific ESG reports and implementing the Sustainable Finance Disclosure Regulation (SFDR). The work with the SFDR and the other coming EU regulations will continue. At the moment Evli is in the development process of Evli's climate change targets with different stakeholders within the portfolio management and Responsible Investment Executive Group. Evli's current focus is also to even deeper ESG integration into the investment process and Evli is creating own standards and frameworks for this integration.

Endorsement

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
SLS 1 S4	CORE	N/A	N/A	PUBLIC	Endorsement	GENERAL

The Senior Leadership Statement has been prepared and/or reviewed by the undersigned and reflects our organisation-wide commitment and approach to responsible investment.

Name	Maunu Lehtimäki
Position	Chief Executive Officer
Organisation's name	Evli Bank Plc

[•] This endorsement is for the Senior Leadership Statement only and is not an endorsement of the information reported by Evli Plc in the various modules of the Reporting Framework. The Senior Leadership Statement is simply provided as a general overview of Evli Plc's responsible investment approach. The Senior Leadership Statement does not constitute advice and should not be relied upon as such, and is not a substitute for the skill, judgement and experience of any third parties, their management, employees, advisors and/or clients when making investment and other business decisions.

Organisational Overview (OO)

Organisational information

Categorisation

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
OO 1	CORE	Signatory category	Multiple, see guidance	PUBLIC	Categorisation	GENERAL

Select the type that best describes your organisation or the services you provide.

(O) Fund management	(1) This is our only (or primary) type
(P) Fund of funds, manager of managers or sub-advised products	(2) This is an additional (secondary) type
(R) Wealth management	(2) This is an additional (secondary) type

Subsidiary information

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
OO 2	CORE	N/A	OO 2.1	PUBLIC	Subsidiary information	GENERAL

Does your organisation have subsidiaries that are also PRI signatories in their own right?

 \circ (A) Yes

Reporting year

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
OO 3	CORE	N/A	N/A	PUBLIC	Reporting year	GENERAL

Indicate the year-end date for your reporting year.

	Month	Day	Year
Reporting year end date:	December	31	2020

Assets under management

All asset classes

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
OO 4	CORE	OO 4.1, OO 4.2	N/A	PUBLIC	All asset classes	GENERAL

What were your total assets under management (AUM) at the end of the indicated reporting year? Provide the amount in USD.

(A) AUM of your organisation, including subsidiaries	US\$ 14,993,632,757.00
(B) AUM of subsidiaries that are PRI signatories in their own right and excluded from this submission	US\$ 0.00
(C) AUM subject to execution, advisory, custody, or research advisory only	US\$ 0.00

Asset breakdown

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
OO 5	CORE	Multiple, see guidance	Multiple, see guidance	PUBLIC	Asset breakdown	GENERAL

Provide a percentage breakdown of your total assets under management at the end of your indicated reporting year.

Percentage of AUM

(A) Listed equity – internal	10-50%
(B) Listed equity – external	0-10%
(C) Fixed income – internal	50-75%
(D) Fixed income – external	0-10%
(E) Private equity – internal	0-10%
(F) Private equity – external	0-10%
(G) Real estate – internal	0-10%
(H) Real estate – external	0.0%
(I) Infrastructure – internal	0.0%
(J) Infrastructure – external	0-10%
(K) Hedge funds – internal	0.0%
(L) Hedge funds – external	0.0%
(M) Forestry – internal	0.0%
(N) Forestry – external	0-10%
(O) Farmland – internal	0.0%

(P) Farmland – external	0.0%
(Q) Other – internal, please specify: Cash	0-10%
(R) Other – external, please specify:	0.0%
(S) Off-balance sheet – internal	0.0%
(T) Off-balance sheet – external	0.0%

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
OO 5.1	CORE	OO 5	Multiple, see guidance	PUBLIC	Asset breakdown	GENERAL

Provide a breakdown of your organisation's externally managed assets between segregated mandates and pooled funds or investments.

	(1) Listed equity	(2) Fixed income	(3) Private equity	(5) Infrastructu re	(7) Forestry
(A) Segregated mandate(s)	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
(B) Pooled fund(s) or pooled investment(s)	>75%	>75%	>75%	>75%	>75%

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
OO 5.2 LE	CORE	OO 5, OO 5.1	Multiple, see guidance	PUBLIC	Asset breakdown	GENERAL

Provide a further breakdown of your listed equity assets.

	(A) Internal allocation	(C) External allocation – pooled
(1) Passive equity	0-10%	>75%
(2) Active – quantitative	10-50%	0.0%
(3) Active – fundamental	>75%	10-50%
(4) Investment trusts (REITs and similar publicly quoted vehicles)	0.0%	0.0%
(5) Other, please specify:	0.0%	0.0%

Indicator	Type of indicator	$egin{array}{c} ext{Dependent} \ ext{on} \end{array}$	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
OO 5.2 FI	CORE	OO 5, OO 5.1	Multiple, see guidance	PUBLIC	Asset breakdown	GENERAL

Provide a further breakdown of your fixed income assets.

	(A) Internal allocation	(C) External allocation – pooled
(1) Passive – SSA	0.0%	0.0%
(2) Passive – corporate	0.0%	0-10%
(3) Passive – securitised	0.0%	0.0%
(4) Active – SSA	0-10%	10-50%

(5) Active – corporate	>75%	50-75%	
(6) Active – securitised	0.0%	0.0%	
(7) Private debt	0.0%	0.0%	

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
OO 5.2 PE	CORE	OO 5, OO 5.1	N/A	PUBLIC	Asset breakdown	GENERAL

Provide a further breakdown of your private equity assets.

	(A) Internal allocation	(C) External allocation – pooled
(1) Venture capital	>75%	0.0%
(2) Growth capital	0.0%	10-50%
(3) (Leveraged) buyout	0.0%	>75%
(4) Distressed, turnaround or special situations	0.0%	0.0%
(5) Secondaries	0.0%	0-10%
(6) Other, please specify:	0.0%	0.0%

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
OO 5.2 RE	CORE	OO 5, OO 5.1	N/A	PUBLIC	Asset breakdown	GENERAL

Provide a further breakdown of your real estate assets.

(A) Internal allocation

(1) Retail	10-50%
(2) Office	10-50%

(3) Industrial	0.0%
(4) Residential	10-50%
(5) Hotel	0-10%
(6) Lodging, leisure and recreation	0.0%
(7) Education	0.0%
(8) Technology/science	0.0%
(9) Healthcare	50-75%
(10) Mixed use	0.0%
(11) Other, please specify: ${\rm N/A}$	0.0%

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
OO 5.2 INF	CORE	OO 5, OO 5.1	N/A	PUBLIC	Asset breakdown	GENERAL

Provide a further breakdown of your infrastructure assets.

renewables)

(1) Data infrastructure 10-50%(2) Energy and water resources 0.0%(3) Environmental services 0-10%(4) Network utilities 10-50%(5) Power generation (excl.

(C) External allocation - pooled

0.0%

(6) Renewable power	10-50%
(7) Social infrastructure	0-10%
(8) Transport	10-50%
(9) Other, please specify:	0.0%

ESG strategies

Listed equity

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
OO 6 LE	CORE	OO 5.2 LE	OO 6.1 LE, LE 13	PUBLIC	Listed equity	1

Which ESG incorporation strategy and/or combination of strategies do you apply to your internally managed active listed equity?

Percentage out of total internally managed active listed equity:

(A) Screening alone	0-25%
(B) Thematic alone	0.0%
(C) Integration alone	0.0%
(D) Screening and integration	>75%
(E) Thematic and integration	0.0%
(F) Screening and thematic	0.0%
(G) All three strategies combined	0.0%
(H) None	0.0%

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
OO 6.1 LE	CORE	OO 6 LE	LE 8	PUBLIC	Listed equity	1

What type of screening is applied to your internally managed active listed equity assets?

(A) Positive/best-in-class screening only (B) Negative screening only (C) A combination of positive/best-in-class and O-25%

Fixed income

negative screening

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
OO 6 FI	CORE	OO 5.2 FI	Multiple, see guidance	PUBLIC	Fixed income	1

Which ESG incorporation strategy and/or combination of strategies do you apply to your internally managed active fixed income?

	(1) Fixed income – SSA	(2) Fixed income – corporate
(A) Screening alone	0.0%	0-25%
(B) Thematic alone	0.0%	0.0%
(C) Integration alone	0.0%	0.0%
(D) Screening and integration	>75%	>75%
(E) Thematic and integration	0.0%	0.0%

(F) Screening and thematic	0.0%	0.0%
(G) All three strategies combined	0.0%	0-25%
(H) None	0.0%	0.0%

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
OO 6.1 FI	CORE	OO 6 FI	N/A	PUBLIC	Fixed income	1

What type of screening is applied to your internally managed active fixed income?

	(1) Fixed income – SSA	(2) Fixed income – corporate
(A) Positive/best-in-class screening only	0.0%	0.0%
(B) Negative screening only	>75%	50-75%
(C) A combination of positive/best-in-class and negative screening	0.0%	25-50%

Externally managed assets

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
OO 6 SAM	CORE	OO 5.2 LE, OO 5.2 FI	OO 6.1 SAM	PUBLIC	Externally managed assets	1

Which ESG incorporation strategy and/or combination of strategies apply to your externally managed active listed equity and fixed income?

	(1) Listed equity - external	(2) Fixed income – SSA - external	(3) Fixed income – corporate - external
(A) Screening alone	>75%	>75%	>75%
(B) Thematic alone	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%

(C) Integration alone	0-25%	0.0%	0-25%
(D) Screening and integration	0-25%	0.0%	0-25%
(E) Thematic and integration	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
(F) Screening and thematic	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
(G) All three strategies combined	0-25%	0.0%	0-25%
(H) None	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
OO 6.1 SAM	CORE	OO 6 SAM	N/A	PUBLIC	Externally managed assets	1

What type of screening is applied to your externally managed active listed equity and fixed income?

	(1) Listed equity - external	(2) Fixed income – SSA - external	(3) Fixed income – corporate - external
(A) Positive/best-in-class screening only	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
(B) Negative screening only	>75%	>75%	>75%
(C) A combination of positive/best-in-class and negative screening	0-25%	0.0%	0-25%

Externally managed assets

Captive relationships

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
OO 7	CORE	OO 5	Multiple, see guidance	PUBLIC	Captive relationships	GENERAL

Does your organisation have a captive relationship with some or all of its external investment managers?

o (A) Yes

(B) No

Investment consultants

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
OO 8	CORE	OO 5	SAM 1	PUBLIC	Investment consultants	GENERAL

Does your organisation engage investment consultants in the selection, appointment or monitoring of your external investment managers?

o (A) Yes

⊚ (B) No

Stewardship

Listed equity

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
OO 9 LE	CORE	OO 5, OO 5.2 LE	Multiple, see guidance	PUBLIC	Listed equity	2

Does your organisation conduct stewardship activities for your listed equity assets?

	(1) Engagement on listed equity – active	(2) Engagement on listed equity – passive	(3) (Proxy) voting on listed equity – active	(4) (Proxy) voting on listed equity – passive
(A) Through service providers				
(B) Through external managers	Ø			
(C) Through internal staff	7		Ø	
(D) Collaboratively	7	Ø		
(E) We did not conduct this stewardship activity				Ø

Fixed income

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
OO 9 FI	CORE	OO 5, OO 5.2 FI	Multiple, see guidance	PUBLIC	Fixed income	2

Does your organisation conduct stewardship activities for your fixed income assets?

	(2) Passive – corporate	(4) Active – SSA	(5) Active – corporate
(A) Through service providers			
(B) Through external managers			Ø
(C) Through internal staff			Ø
(D) Collaboratively		V	Ø
(E) We did not conduct this stewardship activity for this strategy/asset type	✓		

Private equity, real estate and infrastructure

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
OO 9 ALT	CORE	OO 5	Multiple, see guidance	PUBLIC	Private equity, real estate and infrastructure	2

Does your organisation conduct stewardship activities in the following asset classes?

	(1) Private equity	(2) Real estate	(3) Infrastructure
(A) Through service providers	Ø	☑	
(B) Through external managers	Ø		\square
(C) Through internal staff		V	

(D) Collaboratively	Ø	Ø	
(E) We did not conduct stewardship activities for this asset class			

ESG incorporation

Internally managed assets

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
OO 10	CORE	Multiple, see guidance	Multiple, see guidance	PUBLIC	Internally managed assets	1

For each internally managed asset class, select whether or not you incorporate ESG into your investment decisions.

	(1) ESG incorporated into investment decisions	(2) ESG not incorporated into investment decisions
(A) Listed equity – passive	•	0
(B) Listed equity – active – quantitative		•
(C) Listed equity – active – fundamental		•
(F) Fixed income – SSA	•	0
(G) Fixed income – corporate	•	0
(J) Private equity	•	0
(K) Real estate	•	0
(W) Other [as specified]		0

External manager selection

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
OO 11	CORE	Multiple, see guidance	Multiple, see guidance	PUBLIC	External manager selection	1

For each externally managed asset class, select whether or not you incorporate ESG into external manager selection. Your response should refer to the selection of the external managers who managed the relevant asset classes during the reporting year, regardless of when such selection took place.

	(1) ESG incorporated into external manager selection	(2) ESG not incorporated into external manager selection
(A) Listed equity – passive	•	0
(B) Listed equity – active	•	0
(C) Fixed income – passive	•	0
(D) Fixed income – active	•	0
(E) Private equity	•	0
(G) Infrastructure	•	0
(I) Forestry	•	0

External manager appointment

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
OO 12	CORE	Multiple, see guidance	Multiple, see guidance	PUBLIC	External manager appointment	1

The following externally managed asset classes are reported in OO 5.1 as 100% pooled funds or pooled investments and, therefore, ESG incorporation into external manager appointment is not applicable.

(3) ESG incorporation into external manager appointment is not applicable as we only invest in pooled funds

(A) Listed equity – passive	
(B) Listed equity – active	
(C) Fixed income – passive	
(D) Fixed income – active	
(E) Private equity	
(G) Infrastructure	
(I) Forestry	

External manager monitoring

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
OO 13	CORE	Multiple, see guidance	Multiple, see guidance	PUBLIC	External manager monitoring	1

For each externally managed asset class, select whether or not you incorporated ESG into external manager monitoring during the reporting year.

	(1) ESG incorporated into external manager monitoring	(2) ESG not incorporated into external manager monitoring
(A) Listed equity – passive	•	0
(B) Listed equity – active	•	0
(C) Fixed income – passive	•	0
(D) Fixed income – active	•	0
(E) Private equity	•	0
(G) Infrastructure	•	0
(I) Forestry	•	0

Voluntary reporting

Voluntary modules

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
OO 14	CORE	Multiple, see guidance	Multiple, see guidance	PUBLIC	Voluntary modules	GENERAL

The following modules are voluntary to report on in the separate PRI asset class modules as they account for less than 10% of your total AUM and are under USD 10 billion. Please select if you wish to voluntarily report on the module.

(1) Yes, report on the module	(2) No, opt out of reporting on the module
•	0
•	0
•	0
•	0
•	0
•	0
•	0

The following modules are mandatory to report on as they account for 10% or more of your total AUM or are over USD 10 billion. The ISP (Investment and Stewardship Policy) module is always applicable for reporting.

(1) Yes, report on the module

ISP: Investment and Stewardship Policy		
(A) Listed equity	•	
(C) Fixed income – corporate	•	

Pooled funds governance: Appointment

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
OO 15	CORE	OO 5.1	SAM 12	PUBLIC	Pooled funds governance: Appointment	GENERAL

Would you like to voluntarily report on ESG incorporation in the appointment of your external managers for pooled funds?

(A) Yes○ (B) No

ESG/sustainability funds and products

Labelling and marketing

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
OO 16	CORE	Multiple, see guidance	Multiple, see guidance	PUBLIC	Labelling and marketing	GENERAL

What percentage of your assets under management in each asset class are ESG/sustainability marketed funds or products, and/or ESG/RI certified or labelled assets? Percentage figures can be rounded to the nearest 5% and should combine internally and externally managed assets.

	Percentage
(A) Listed equity – passive	0.0%

(B) Listed equity – active	50-75%
(C) Fixed income – passive	0.0%
(D) Fixed income – active	>75%
(E) Private equity	${>}75\%$
(F) Real estate	${>}75\%$
(G) Infrastructure	${>}75\%$
(I) Forestry	>75%
(K) Other	0.0%

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
OO 16.1	CORE	OO 16	ISP 52	PUBLIC	Labelling and marketing	GENERAL

What percentage of your total assets (per asset class) carry a formal ESG/RI certification or label? Percentage figures can be rounded to the nearest 5%.

Coverage of ESG/RI certification or label:

(A) Listed equity	0.0%
(B) Fixed income	0-25%
(C) Private equity	0.0%
(D) Real estate	0-25%
(E) Infrastructure	0.0%
(G) Forestry	0.0%

Climate investments

Asset breakdown

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
OO 17	CORE	N/A	N/A	PUBLIC	Asset breakdown	GENERAL

What percentage of your assets under management is in targeted low-carbon or climate-resilient investments?

0 - 25%

Other asset breakdowns

Geographical breakdown

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
OO 18	CORE	Multiple, see guidance	N/A	PUBLIC	Geographical breakdown	GENERAL

What is the geographical breakdown of your organisation's assets under management by investment destination (i.e. where the investments are located)?

	(1) Listed equity	(2) Fixed income – SSA	(3) Fixed income – corporat e	(6) Private equity	(7) Real estate	(8) Infrastruct ure
(A) Developed	>75%	>75%	>75%	>75%	>75%	>75%
(B) Emerging	0-25%	0 25%	0-25%	0.0%	0 25%	0.0%
(C) Frontier	0-25%	0.0%	0-25%	0.0%	0 25%	0.0%
(D) Other	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%

Management by PRI signatories

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
OO 19	CORE	OO 5	N/A	PUBLIC	Management by PRI signatories	GENERAL

What approximate percentage (+/-5%) of your externally managed assets are managed by PRI signatories?

>75%

Fixed income constraints

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
OO 20	CORE	OO 5.2 FI	OO 20.1	PUBLIC	Fixed income constraints	GENERAL

What percentage of your fixed income assets are subject to constraints? The constraints may be regulatory requirements, credit quality restrictions, currency constraints or similar.

Internal and external fixed income assets subject to constraints

(A) Fixed income – SSA	>75%
(B) Fixed income – corporate	>75%

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
OO 20.1	CORE	OO 20	N/A	PUBLIC	Fixed income constraints	GENERAL

Describe the constraints to your fixed income assets.

Fixed income constraints

(A) Fixed income – SSA	Subject to the constraints of the Act on Common Funds and the diversification of risk. We do not invest in bonds issued by states which have been considered as having a high risk of money laundering by the Financial Action Task Force (FATF) or the European Commission or which are subject to global sanctions. In addition, we avoid investments in bonds issued by states that have repeatedly committed to serious human rights violations.
(B) Fixed income – corporate	Subject to the constraints of the Act on Common Funds and the diversification of risk.

Private equity: Sectors

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
OO 21	CORE	OO 5	N/A	PUBLIC	Private equity: Sectors	GENERAL

What is the percentage breakdown of your organisation's internally managed private equity investments by sector?

Percentage of total internally managed private equity AUM

(A) Energy	0.0%
(B) Materials	0.0%
(C) Industrials	0.0%

(D) Consumer discretionary	50-75%
(E) Consumer staples	0.0%
(F) Health care	0.0%
(G) Financials	0.0%
(H) Information technology	25-50%
(I) Communication services	0-25%
(J) Utilities	0.0%
(K) Real estate	0.0%

Private equity: Nature of ownership

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
OO 22	CORE	OO 5	N/A	PUBLIC	Private equity: Nature of ownership	GENERAL

What is the percentage breakdown of your organisation's internally managed private equity investments by investment vehicle?

(A) Direct investment	(5)>75%
(B) Fund investment	(2) 1–10%
(C) Separate account	(1) 0%

Private equity: Ownership level

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
OO 23	CORE	OO 5	N/A	PUBLIC	Private equity: Ownership level	GENERAL

What is the percentage breakdown of your organisation's private equity investments by level of ownership?

(A) A majority stake (50% and above)	(1) 0%
(B) A significant minority stake (between $10-50\%$)	(3) 11–50%
(C) A limited minority stake (less than 10%)	(5) > 75%

Real estate: Building type

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
OO 24	CORE	OO 5	$\begin{array}{c} \mathrm{RE}\ 1,\mathrm{RE}\ 9,\mathrm{RE} \\ 10 \end{array}$	PUBLIC	Real estate: Building type	GENERAL

What is the percentage breakdown of your direct physical real estate assets by strategy?

Percentage total of direct physical real estate AUM

(A) Standing investments	>75%
(B) New construction	0-25%
(C) Major renovation	0.0%

Real estate: Ownership level

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
OO 25	CORE	OO 5	N/A	PUBLIC	Real estate: Ownership level	GENERAL

What is the percentage breakdown of your direct physical real estate assets by level of ownership?

(A) A majority stake (50% and above)	(5) > 75%
(B) A significant minority stake (between $10-50\%$)	(1) 0%
(C) A limited minority stake (less than 10%)	(1) 0%

Real estate: Management type

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
OO 26	CORE	OO 5	Multiple, see guidance	PUBLIC	Real estate: Management type	GENERAL

What is the percentage breakdown of your direct physical real estate assets based on who manages these assets?

(A) Directly by our organisation	(3) 11-50%
(B) By external property managers that our organisation appoints	(1) 0%
(C) By other investors or their property managers	(1) 0%
(D) By a tenant(s) with operational control	(4) 51–75%

Context and explanation

Appointment: Pooled funds

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
OO 33	CORE	OO 5.1	N/A	PUBLIC	Appointment: Pooled funds	GENERAL

For your externally managed pooled funds, please describe any other mechanisms in place to set expectations as part of the appointment or commitment process.

Analysis of the different ESG issues is a systematic part of the investment process. Evli's approach to ESG integration is driven by the need to understand how the fund manager addresses ESG-related topics in different stages of the investment process. Evli meets fund managers regularly and have a long term relationships with the funds. Sustainability is one of Evli's strategic focus areas and Evli discusses with the fund managers about the best practices. Evli monitors and evaluates the fund managers' ESG practices regularly by following up on their ESG reports and policies, and/or through Evli's own ESG questionnaire. With the PE and Intrastructure funds Evli gives each fund manager its own ESG rating based on the evaluation done by Evli's investment team. Evli will not make new commitments into funds managed by companies which do not have their own ESG policies and are not committed to responsible investment practices. The ESG questionnaire will be frequently updated and sent to the fund managers.

ESG in other asset classes

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
OO 34	CORE	Multiple, see guidance	N/A	PUBLIC	ESG in other asset classes	1

Describe how you incorporate ESG into the following asset classes.

	Description
(C) Other – internal	According to the instructions the cash was reported here as other.

(D) Forestry – external

Evli launched its first Forest Fund in November 2020 and the first investments will be made in 2021.

The Fund strategy supports the long-term global warming objectives of the Paris Agreement and contributes to several of the UN's Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs).

The fund will invest in premier unlisted forestry funds selected for positive carbon impact, while maintaining a focus on returns. Low risk investment regions and strategies are chosen. Faster tree growth rates in Evli's target regions, the US, South America, Australia and New Zealand are expected to deliver both greater carbon impact and enhanced return.

Forest certification schemes that have been developed over the past twenty-five years can reassure investors that their assets are being managed sustainably. Evli recognizes the Forest Stewardship Council (FSC) and Program for the Endorsement of Forest Certification (PEFC) certification schemes.

ESG not incorporated

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
OO 35	CORE	Multiple, see guidance	N/A	PUBLIC	ESG not incorporated	1, 2

Describe why you currently do not incorporate ESG into your assets and/or why you currently do not conduct stewardship.

	Description
(A) Internally managed: Listed equity – passive	At Evli we vote at the moment only in AGMs and EGMs in Finland. As we do not use Proxy voting, we do not hav voting in our one internally managed Listed equity index fund.
(N) Externally managed: Listed equity – passive	In the passive listed equity we actively discuss with the external managers and include compliance related to the responsible investment policies and practices. In this asset class we do yet assess the stewardship policies and practices even thought these issues might be discussed in the meetings.

(P) Externally managed: Fixed income – passive

In the passive fixed income we actively discuss with the external managers and include compliance related to the responsible investment policies and practices. In this asset class we do yet assess the stewardship policies and practices even thought these issues might be discussed in the meetings.

Investment and Stewardship Policy (ISP)

Responsible investment policy & governance

Responsible investment policy

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
ISP 1	CORE	N/A	ISP 1.1, ISP 1.2	PUBLIC	Responsible investment policy	1

Does your organisation have a formal policy or policies covering your approach to responsible investment? Your approach to responsible investment may be set out in a standalone guideline, covered in multiple standalone guidelines or be part of a broader investment policy. Your policy may cover various responsible investment elements such as stewardship, ESG guidelines, sustainability outcomes, specific climate-related guidelines, RI governance and similar.

- (A) Yes, we do have a policy covering our approach to responsible investment
- o (B) No, we do not have a policy covering our approach to responsible investment

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
ISP 1.1	CORE	ISP 1	Multiple, see guidance	PUBLIC	Responsible investment policy	1

What elements does your responsible investment policy cover? The responsible investment elements may be set out in one or multiple standalone guidelines, or they may be part of a broader investment policy.

- \square (A) Overall approach to responsible investment
- ☑ (B) Guidelines on environmental factors
- (C) Guidelines on social factors
- ☑ (D) Guidelines on governance factors

- ☑ (E) Approach to stewardship
- ☑ (F) Approach to sustainability outcomes
- (G) Approach to exclusions
- (H) Asset class-specific guidelines that describe how ESG incorporation is implemented
- (I) Definition of responsible investment and how it relates to our fiduciary duty
- ☑ (J) Definition of responsible investment and how it relates to our investment objectives
- ☑ (K) Responsible investment governance structure
- □ (L) Internal reporting and verification related to responsible investment
- (M) External reporting related to responsible investment
- (N) Managing conflicts of interest related to responsible investment
- \square (O) Other responsible investment aspects not listed here, please specify:

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
ISP 2	CORE	ISP 1.1	N/A	PUBLIC	Responsible investment policy	6

Indicate which of your responsible investment policy elements are publicly available and provide links.

☑ (A) Overall approach to responsible investment. Add link(s):

 $https://pankki.evli.com/hubfs/Evli.com/Documents/Responsibility/EN/Evli_Wealth_Management_Principles_for_Responsible_Investment.pdf$

☑ (B) Guidelines on environmental factors. Add link(s):

 $https://pankki.evli.com/hubfs/Evli.com/Documents/Responsibility/EN/Evli_Wealth_Management_Principles_for_Responsible_Investment.pdf$

☑ (C) Guidelines on social factors. Add link(s):

 $https://pankki.evli.com/hubfs/Evli.com/Documents/Responsibility/EN/Evli_Wealth_Management_Principles_for_Responsible_Investment.pdf$

☑ (D) Guidelines on governance factors. Add link(s):

 $https://pankki.evli.com/hubfs/Evli.com/Documents/Responsibility/EN/Evli_Wealth_Management_Principles_for_Responsible_Investment.pdf$

☑ (E) Approach to stewardship. Add link(s):

 $https://pankki.evli.com/hubfs/Evli.com/Documents/Responsibility/EN/Evli%20Bank%20Engagement%20Policy%202020.pdf, \\https://pankki.evli.com/hubfs/Evli.com/Documents/Responsibility/EN/EGP_Principles_for_Responsible_Investment_acc.pdf, \\https://pankki.evli.com/hubfs/Evli.com/Documents/Responsibility/EN/EPE_and_EIF_Principles_for_Responsible_Investment_acc.pdf, \\https://pankki.evli.com/hubfs/Evli.com/Documents/Responsibility/EN/Real-Estate-Funds-Principles-for-Responsible-Investment_acc.pdf, \\https://pankki.evli.com/hubfs/Evli.com/Documents/Responsibility/EN/Real-Estate-Funds-Principles-for-Responsible-Investment_acc.pdf, \\https://pankki.evli.com/hubfs/Evli.com/Documents/Responsibility/EN/Real-Estate-Funds-Principles-for-Responsible-Investment_acc.pdf, \\https://pankki.evli.com/hubfs/Evli.com/Documents/Responsibility/EN/Real-Estate-Funds-Principles-for-Responsible-Investment_acc.pdf, \\https://pankki.evli.com/hubfs/Evli.com/Documents/Responsibility/EN/Real-Estate-Funds-Principles-for-Responsible-Investment_acc.pdf, \\https://pankki.evli.com/hubfs/Evli.com/Documents/Responsibility/EN/Real-Estate-Funds-Principles-for-Responsible-Investment_acc.pdf, \\https://pankki.evli.com/hubfs/Evli.com/Documents/Responsibility/EN/Real-Estate-Funds-Principles-for-Responsible-Investment_acc.pdf, \\https://pankki.evli.com/hubfs/Evli.com/Documents/Responsibility/EN/Real-Estate-Funds-Principles-for-Responsibility/EN/Real-Estate-Funds-Principles-for-Responsibility/EN/Real-Estate-Funds-Principles-for-Responsibility/EN/Real-Estate-Funds-Principles-for-Responsibility/EN/Real-Estate-Funds-Principles-for-Responsibility/EN/Real-Estate-Funds-Principles-for-Responsibility/EN/Real-Estate-Funds-Principles-for-Responsibility/EN/Real-Estate-Funds-Principles-for-Responsibility/EN/Real-Estate-Funds-Principles-for-Responsibility/EN/Real-Estate-Funds-Principles-for-Responsibility/EN/Real-Estate-Funds-Principles-for-Responsibility/EN/Real-Estate-Funds-Principles-for-Responsibility/EN/Real-Estate-Funds-Principles-for-Responsibility/EN/Real-Estate-Funds-Princ$

 $https://pankki.evli.com/hubfs/Evli.com/Documents/Responsibility/EN/Evli_Wealth_Management_Principles_for_Responsible_Investment.pdf$

☑ (F) Approach to sustainability outcomes. Add link(s):

 $\label{lem:https://pankki.evli.com/hubfs/Evli.com/Documents/Responsibility/EN/Evli-Wealth-Management ClimateChangePrinciples CarbonFootprintData.pdf$

☑ (G) Approach to exclusions. Add link(s):

 $https://pankki.evli.com/hubfs/Evli.com/Documents/Responsibility/EN/Evli_Wealth_Management_Principles_for_Responsible_Investment.pdf,\\$

 $\label{lem:https://pankki.evli.com/hubfs/Evli.com/Documents/Responsibility/EN/EGP_Principles_for_Responsible_Investment_acc.pdf, \\ https://pankki.evli.com/hubfs/Evli.com/Documents/Responsibility/EN/EPE_and_EIF_Principles_for_Responsible_Investment_acc.pdf, \\ https://pankki.evli.com/hubfs/Evli.com/Documents/Responsibility/EN/Real-Estate-Funds-Principles-for-Responsible-Investment_acc.pdf$

☑ (H) Asset class-specific guidelines that describe how ESG incorporation is implemented. Add link(s):

 $https://pankki.evli.com/hubfs/Evli.com/Documents/Responsibility/EN/Evli_Wealth_Management_Principles_for_Responsible_Investment.pdf.$

 $\label{lem:https://pankki.evli.com/hubfs/Evli.com/Documents/Responsibility/EN/EGP_Principles_for_Responsible_Investment_acc.pdf, \\ https://pankki.evli.com/hubfs/Evli.com/Documents/Responsibility/EN/EPE_and_EIF_Principles_for_Responsible_Investment_acc.pdf, \\ https://pankki.evli.com/hubfs/Evli.com/Documents/Responsibility/EN/Real-Estate-Funds-Principles-for-Responsible-Investment_acc.pdf$

☑ (I) Definition of responsible investment and how it relates to our fiduciary duty. Add link(s):

https://pankki.evli.com/hubfs/Evli.com/Documents/Responsibility/EN/Evli%20Bank%20Engagement%20Policy%202020.pdf

☑ (J) Definition of responsible investment and how it relates to our investment objectives. Add link(s):

 $https://pankki.evli.com/hubfs/Evli.com/Documents/Responsibility/EN/Evli_Wealth_Management_Principles_for_Responsible_Investment.pdf$

☑ (K) Responsible investment governance structure. Add link(s):

 $https://pankki.evli.com/hubfs/Evli.com/Documents/Responsibility/EN/Evli_Wealth_Management_Principles_for_Responsible_Investment.pdf$

- ☐ (M) External reporting related to responsible investment. Add link(s):
- ☑ (N) Managing conflicts of interest related to responsible investment. Add link(s):

 $https://pankki.evli.com/hubfs/Evli.com/Documents/Responsibility/EN/Evli_Wealth_Management_Principles_for_Responsible_Investment.pdf, \\https://pankki.evli.com/hubfs/Evli.com/Documents/Responsibility/EN/Evli%20Bank%20Engagement%20Policy%202020.pdf$

☐ (P) Our responsible investment policy elements are not publicly available

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
ISP 3	CORE	ISP 1.1	N/A	PUBLIC	Responsible investment policy	1

What percentage of your total assets under management are covered by your policy elements on overall approach to responsible investment and/or guidelines on environmental, social and governance factors?

- o (A) Overall approach to responsible investment
- o (B) Guidelines on environmental factors
- o (C) Guidelines on social factors
- o (D) Guidelines on governance factors

AUM coverage of all policy elements in total:

> 75%

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
ISP 4	CORE	ISP 1.1	N/A	PUBLIC	Responsible investment policy	1

Which elements does your exclusion policy include?

- ☑ (A) Legally required exclusions (e.g. those required by domestic/international law, bans, treaties or embargoes)
- ☑ (B) Exclusions based on our organisation's values or beliefs (e.g. regarding weapons, alcohol, tobacco and/or avoiding other particular sectors, products, services or regions)
- ☑ (C) Exclusions based on screening against minimum standards of business practice based on international norms (e.g. OECD guidelines, the UN Human Rights Declaration, Security Council sanctions or the UN Global Compact)

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
ISP 5	CORE	Multiple, see guidance	N/A	PUBLIC	Responsible investment policy	1

What percentage of your total assets under management are covered by your asset class—specific guidelines that describe how ESG incorporation is implemented?

AUM Coverage:

(A) Listed Equity	>75%	
(B) Fixed Income	>75%	
(C) Private Equity	>75%	
(D) Real Estate	>75%	
(E) Infrastructure	>75%	

Governance

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
ISP 6	CORE	N/A	ISP 8	PUBLIC	Governance	1

Do your organisation's board, chief-level staff, investment committee and/or head of department have formal oversight and accountability for responsible investment?

- ☑ (A) Board and/or trustees
- ☑ (B) Chief-level staff (e.g. Chief Executive Officer (CEO), Chief Investment Officer (CIO) or Chief Operating Officer (COO))
- ☑ (C) Investment committee
- \square (D) Other chief-level staff, please specify:
- ☑ (E) Head of department, please specify department:
 - : The heads of the following groups: Legal, Risk Management and Compliance, Institutional Clients, Private Clients, Equities, Fixed Income and Discretionary Mandates and Sustainability
- \square (F) None of the above roles have oversight and accountability for responsible investment

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
ISP 7	CORE	N/A	ISP 8	PUBLIC	Governance	1

In your organisation, which internal or external roles have responsibility for implementing responsible investment?

- ☑ (A) Board and/or trustees
- ☑ (B) Chief-level staff (e.g. Chief Executive Officer (CEO), Chief Investment Officer (CIO) or Chief Operating Officer (COO))
- ☑ (C) Investment committee
- \square (D) Other chief-level staff [as specified]
- $\ensuremath{\square}$ (E) Head of department [as specified]
- (F) Portfolio managers
- ☑ (G) Investment analysts
- ☑ (H) Dedicated responsible investment staff
- ☐ (I) Investor relations
- ☑ (J) External managers or service providers
- \square (K) Other role, please specify:
- \square (L) Other role, please specify:
- \(\sigma\) We do not have roles with responsibility for implementing responsible investment.

People and capabilities

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
ISP 8	CORE	ISP 6, ISP 7	ISP 8.1, ISP 8.2	PUBLIC	People and capabilities	General

What formal objectives for responsible investment do the roles in your organisation have?

	(1) Board and/or trustees	(2) Chief-level staff	(3) Investment committee	(5) Head of department [as specified]
(A) Objective for ESG incorporation in investment activities				
(B) Objective for contributing to the development of the organisation's ESG incorporation approach		Ø	Ø	Ø
(C) Objective for contributing to the organisation's stewardship activities (e.g. through sharing findings from continuous ESG research or investment decisions)				
(D) Objective for ESG performance		V		V
(E) Other objective related to responsible investment [as specified]	Ø			
(F) Other objective related to responsible investment [as specified]				
(G) No formal objectives for responsible investment exist for this role				

	(6) Portfolio managers	(7) Investment analysts	(8) Dedicated responsible investment staff	(10) External managers or service providers
(A) Objective for ESG incorporation in investment activities	Ø			☑
(B) Objective for contributing to the development of the organisation's ESG incorporation approach	Ø	Ø	Ø	☑
(C) Objective for contributing to the organisation's stewardship activities (e.g. through sharing findings from continuous ESG research or investment decisions)	Ø	☑	Ø	☑
(D) Objective for ESG performance	Ø		Ø	☑
(E) Other objective related to responsible investment [as specified]				
(F) Other objective related to responsible investment [as specified]				
(G) No formal objectives for responsible investment exist for this role				

Please specify for "(E) Other objective related to responsible investment".

The board set the responsibility as one of the Evli's focus areas and they are monitoring the development.

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
ISP 8.2	CORE	ISP 8	N/A	PUBLIC	People and capabilities	General

Which responsible investment objectives are linked to variable compensation for roles in your organisation?

RI objectives linked to variable compensation for roles in your organisation:

(1) Board and/or trustees							
(E) Other objective related to responsible investment (as specified in ISP 8 option E)							
(2) Chief-level staff (e.g. Chief Executive Officer (CEO), Chief Investment Officer (CIO) or Chief Operating Officer (COO))							
(B) Objective for contributing to the development of the organisation's ESG incorporation approach							
(D) Objective for ESG performance	☑						
(3) Investment committee							
(B) Objective for contributing to the development of the organisation's ESG incorporation approach							
(5) Head of department							
(B) Objective for contributing to the development of the organisation's ESG incorporation approach							
(D) Objective for ESG performance							

(6) Portfolio managers

(A) Objective on ESG incorporation in investment activities		
(B) Objective for contributing to the development of the organisation's ESG incorporation approach		
(C) Objective for contributing to the organisation's stewardship activities (e.g. through sharing findings from continuous ESG research or investment decisions)		
(D) Objective for ESG performance		
(7) Investment analysts		
(B) Objective for contributing to the development of the organisation's ESG incorporation approach		
(C) Objective for contributing to the organisation's stewardship activities (e.g. through sharing findings from continuous ESG research or investment decisions)		
(8) Dedicated responsible investment staff		
(B) Objective for contributing to the development of the organisation's ESG incorporation approach	Ø	
(C) Objective for contributing to the organisation's stewardship activities (e.g. through sharing findings from continuous ESG research or investment decisions)	Ø	
(D) Objective for ESG performance	Ø	

(10) External managers or service providers

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
ISP 9	CORE	N/A	N/A	PUBLIC	People and capabilities	General

How frequently does your organisation assess the responsible investment capabilities and training needs among your investment professionals?

- o (A) Quarterly or more frequently
- o (C) Annually
- o (D) Less frequently than annually
- \circ (E) On an ad hoc basis
- \circ (F) We do not have a process for assessing the responsible investment capabilities and training needs among our investment professionals

Strategic asset allocation

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
ISP 10	CORE	N/A	ISP 10.1	PUBLIC	Strategic asset allocation	1

Does your organisation incorporate ESG factors into your strategic asset allocation?

- ☑ (A) We incorporate ESG factors into calculations for expected risks and returns of asset classes
- \square (B) We specifically incorporate physical, transition and regulatory changes related to climate change into calculations for expected risks and returns of asset classes
- \square (C) No, we do not incorporate ESG considerations into our strategic asset allocation
- \square (D) Not applicable, we do not have a strategic asset allocation process

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
ISP 10.1	CORE	ISP 10	N/A	PUBLIC	Strategic asset allocation	1

For what proportion of assets do you incorporate ESG factors into your strategic asset allocation process?

(A) We incorporate ESG factors into calculations for expected risks and returns of asset classes (2) for the majority of our assets

Stewardship

Stewardship policy

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
ISP 11	CORE	Multiple, see guidance	N/A	PUBLIC	Stewardship policy	2

What percentage of your assets under management does your stewardship policy cover?

(A) Listed equity	>75%
(B) Fixed income	>75%
(C) Private equity	>75%
(D) Real estate	>75%
(E) Infrastructure	>75%

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
ISP 12	CORE	ISP 1.1	ISP 12.1	PUBLIC	Stewardship policy	2

Which elements does your organisation's stewardship policy cover? The policy may be a standalone guideline or part of a wider RI policy.

- ☑ (A) Key stewardship objectives
- ☑ (B) Prioritisation approach of ESG factors and their link to engagement issues and targets
- \square (C) Prioritisation approach depending on entity (e.g. company or government)
- ☑ (D) Specific approach to climate-related risks and opportunities
- ☑ (E) Stewardship tool usage across the organisation, including which, if any, tools are out of scope and when and how different tools are used and by whom (e.g. specialist teams, investment teams, service providers, external investment managers or similar)
- ☑ (F) Stewardship tool usage for specific internal teams (e.g. specialist teams, investment teams or similar)
- ☑ (G) Stewardship tool usage for specific external teams (e.g. service providers, external investment managers or similar)
- ☑ (H) Approach to collaboration on stewardship
- ☑ (I) Escalation strategies

- ☑ (J) Conflicts of interest
- \square (K) Details on how the stewardship policy is implemented and which elements are mandatory, including how and when the policy can be overruled
- \square (L) How stewardship efforts and results should be communicated across the organisation to feed into investment decision-making and vice versa
- \square (M) None of the above elements are captured in our stewardship policy

Stewardship policy implementation

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
ISP 13	CORE	ISP 1.1	N/A	PUBLIC	Stewardship policy implementation	2

How is your stewardship policy primarily applied?

- (A) It requires our organisation to take certain actions
- o (B) It describes default actions that can be overridden (e.g. by investment teams for certain portfolios)
- o (C) It creates permission for taking certain measures that are otherwise exceptional
- \circ (D) We have not developed a uniform approach to applying our stewardship policy

Stewardship objectives

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
ISP 15	CORE	Multiple, see guidance	N/A	PUBLIC	Stewardship objectives	2

For the majority of assets within each asset class, which of the following best describes your primary stewardship objective?

	(1) Listed equity	(2) Fixed income	(3) Private equity	(4) Real estate	(5) Infrastructure
(A) Maximise the risk–return profile of individual investments	0	0	0	0	0
(B) Maximise overall returns across the portfolio	0	0	0	0	0
(C) Maximise overall value to beneficiaries/clients	•	•	•	•	•

(D) Contribute to shaping					
specific sustainability outcomes	0	0	0	0	0
(i.e. deliver impact)					

Stewardship prioritisation

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
ISP 16	CORE	Multiple, see guidance	N/A	PUBLIC	Stewardship prioritisation	2

What key criteria does your organisation use to prioritise your engagement targets? For asset classes such as real estate, private equity and infrastructure, you may consider this as key criteria to prioritise actions taken on ESG factors for assets, portfolio companies and/or properties in your portfolio. Select up to 3 options per asset class from the list.

(1) Listed equity	(2) Fixed income	(3) Private equity	(4) Real estate
Ø	Ø	Ø	
Ø	Ø	Ø	Ø
			Ø
		Ø	V
			C1) Listed equity C2) Fixed income equity C3 C4 C5 C5 C7 C7 C7 C7 C7 C7 C7 C7

(H) Other criteria to prioritise engagement targets, please specify:	Ø	Ø	
(I) We do not prioritise our engagement targets			

Please specify for "(H) Other criteria to prioritise engagement targets".

good governance practices and ESG reporting

Collaborative stewardship

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
ISP 18	CORE	Multiple, see guidance	ISP 18.1	PUBLIC	Collaborative stewardship	2

Which of the following best describes your organisation's default position, or the position of the service providers/external managers acting on your behalf, with regards to collaborative stewardship efforts such as collaborative engagements?

- (A) We recognise that stewardship suffers from a collective action problem, and, as a result, we actively prefer collaborative
 efforts
- \circ (B) We collaborate when our individual stewardship efforts have been unsuccessful or are likely to be unsuccessful, i.e. as an escalation tool
- o (C) We collaborate in situations where doing so would minimise resource cost to our organisation
- o (D) We do not have a default position but collaborate on a case-by-case basis
- o (E) We generally do not join collaborative stewardship efforts

Escalation strategies

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
ISP 20	CORE	Multiple, see guidance	N/A	PUBLIC	Escalation strategies	2

If initial stewardship approaches were deemed unsuccessful, which of the following measures are excluded from the potential escalation actions of your organisation or those of the service providers/external managers acting on your behalf?

	(1) Listed equity	(2) Fixed income
(A) Collaboratively engaging the entity with other investors		
(B) Filing/co-filing/submitting a shareholder resolution or proposal		
(C) Publicly engaging the entity (e.g. open letter)		
(D) Voting against the re- election of one or more board directors		
(E) Voting against the chair of the board of directors		
(F) Voting against the annual financial report		
(G) Divesting or implementing an exit strategy		
(H) We do not have any restrictions on the escalation measures we can use	Ø	☑

Engaging policymakers

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
ISP 23	CORE	N/A	Multiple, see guidance	PUBLIC	Engaging policymakers	2

How does your organisation, or the external investment managers or service providers acting on your behalf, engage with policymakers for a more sustainable financial system?

- ☑ (A) We engage with policymakers directly
- ☑ (B) We provide financial support, are members of and/or are in another way affiliated with third-party organisations, including trade associations and non-profit organisations, that engage with policymakers
- \square (C) We do not engage with policymakers directly or indirectly

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
ISP 23.1	CORE	ISP 23	N/A	PUBLIC	Engaging policymakers	2

What methods do you, or the external investment managers or service providers acting on your behalf, use to engage with policymakers for a more sustainable financial system?

- ☑ (A) We participate in "sign-on" letters on ESG policy topics. Describe:
 - Evli has participate e.g. letters "Open letter to EU leaders from investors on a sustainable recovery from COVID-19" and "Global Investor Statement to Governments on Climate Change".
- ☑ (B) We respond to policy consultations on ESG policy topics. Describe:
 - In Finland we have bee taking part of the policy consultation in the SFRD and have discussed directly with the supervisory authorities.
- (C) We provide technical input on ESG policy change. Describe:
 - We have been discussion with the Finnish Financial Supervisory Authory and Finance Finland (FFI) related to EU taxonomy and SFDR.
- \square (D) We proactively engage financial regulators on financial regulatory topics regarding ESG integration, stewardship, disclosure or similar. Describe:
- ☐ (E) We proactively engage regulators and policymakers on other policy topics. Describe:
- \square (F) Other methods used to engage with policymakers. Describe:

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
ISP 23.2	CORE	ISP 23	N/A	PUBLIC	Engaging policymakers	2

Do you have governance processes in place (e.g. board accountability and oversight, regular monitoring and review of relationships) that ensure your policy activities, including those through third parties, are aligned with your position on sustainable finance and your commitment to the 6 Principles of the PRI?

● (A) Yes, we have governance processes in place to ensure that our policy activities are aligned with our position on sustainable finance and our commitment to the 6 Principles of the PRI. Describe your governance processes:

Evli's engagement is regularly reported to external stakeholders through Annual Report, as well as to internal stakeholders such as Evli Responsible Investment Executive Group and Evli Bank's Board of Directors. The engagement efforts are also reviewed by the Evli's Responsible Investment Team who has power to decide which companies are engaged and which companies are excluded. The excluded companies are reported to risk management which then takes the responsibility to control that they are not investable.

o (B) No, we do not have these governance processes in place. Please explain why not:

Engaging policymakers – Policies

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
ISP 24	CORE	ISP 23	ISP 24.1	PUBLIC	Engaging policymakers – Policies	2

Do you have policies in place that ensure that your political influence as an organisation is aligned with your position on sustainable finance and your commitment to the 6 Principles of the PRI?

Engagement is guided by Evli's Engagement Policy which has been approved by Evli's Responsible Investment Executive Group. Political influence is always done through Evli's Responsible Investment Team which coordinates and has responsibility of all engagements.

o (B) No, we do not a policy(ies) in place. Please explain why not:

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
ISP 24.1	CORE	ISP 24	N/A	PUBLIC	Engaging policymakers – Policies	2

Is your policy that ensures alignment between your political influence and your position on sustainable finance publicly disclosed?

- - https://pankki.evli.com/hubfs/Evli.com/Documents/Responsibility/EN/Evli%20Bank%20Engagement%20Policy%202020.pdf
- o (B) No, we do not publicly disclose this policy(ies)

Engaging policymakers – Transparency

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
ISP 25	CORE	ISP 23	N/A	PUBLIC	Engaging policymakers – Transparency	2

During the reporting year, did your organisation publicly disclose your policy engagement activities or those conducted on your behalf by external investment managers/service providers?

☑ (A) We publicly disclosed details of our policy engagement activities. Add link(s):

 \square (B) We publicly disclosed a list of our third-party memberships in or support for trade associations, think-tanks or similar that conduct policy engagement activities with our support or endorsement. Add link(s):

https://www.evli.com/en/responsibility/responsible-investing

- □ (C) No, we did not publicly disclose our policy engagements activities during the reporting year. Explain why:
- \square (D) Not applicable, we did not conduct policy engagement activities

Climate change

Public support

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
ISP 26	CORE	N/A	N/A	PUBLIC	Public support	General

Does your organisation publicly support the Paris Agreement?

♠ (A) Yes, we publicly support the Paris Agreement Add link(s) to webpage or other public document/text expressing support for the Paris Agreement:

 $\label{lem:https://pankki.evli.com/hubfs/Evli.com/Documents/Responsibility/EN/Evli-Wealth-Management ClimateChangePrinciples CarbonFootprintData.pdf$

o (B) No, we currently do not publicly support the Paris Agreement

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
ISP 27	CORE	N/A	N/A	PUBLIC	Public support	General

Does your organisation publicly support the Task Force on Climate-Related Financial Disclosures (TCFD)?

- (A) Yes, we publicly support the TCFD Add link(s) to webpage or other public document/text expressing support for the TCFD:
- $https://www.evli.com/en/responsibility/responsible-investing, \ https://www.fsb-tcfd.org/supporters/linearized for the control of the contr$
- o (B) No, we currently do not publicly support the TCFD

Governance

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
ISP 28	CORE	N/A	N/A	PUBLIC	Governance	General

How does the board or the equivalent function exercise oversight over climate-related risks and opportunities?

 \square (A) By establishing internal processes through which the board or the equivalent function are informed about climate-related risks and opportunities. Specify:

☑ (B) By articulating internal/external roles and responsibilities related to climate. Specify:

The board has set responsibility and climate related issues as a strategic focus area for Evli. This means that different people within Evli have been given different internal roles and responsibilities related to climate. Evli's Board of Directors and Executive Group regularly address climate-related issues as part of a broader debate on responsibility. Evli's Head of Sustainability regularly attends Board and Executive Group meetings. In addition to the work carried out by the Board of Directors and the Executive Group, Evli has a Responsible Investment Executive Group, which decides on the principles and practical procedures of responsible investments at Evli. The members of the Executive Group include the CEO, executives from the legal and risk management department, institutional and private clients' departments, portfolio management and the Responsible Investment team. The Group reports to Evli's Executive Group. Evli has also separate Climate Change Working Committee, working with Evli's Climate Change Targets. The targets will be set in 2021. Under the supervision of the Head of Sustainability, the Responsible Investment team is responsible for coordinating and developing ESG matters in funds and discretionary portfolio management, and for engaging with companies. The Responsible Investment team monitors the implementation of the UN Global Compact principles and Evli's Principles for Climate Change and has the right to exclude individual companies from investments. Portfolio managers also take ESG matters, including climate issues, into consideration when analysing potential investments and making investment decisions. Portfolio managers are responsible for implementing the Principles for Responsible Investment and ESG integration in portfolio management.

- □ (C) By engaging with beneficiaries to understand how their preferences are evolving with regard to climate change. Specify:
- ☑ (D) By incorporating climate change into investment beliefs and policies. Specify:
 - The board has given a mandate to Evli to set Responsibility as one of its focus areas and and wants Evli's personnel to focus on it.
- ☑ (E) By monitoring progress on climate-related metrics and targets. Specify:
 - The board is following Evli's work set on the strategic focus.

☑ (F) By defining the link between fiduciary duty and climate risks and opportunities. Specify:

The board has set the ESG as one of the strategic focus areas. Evli has fiduciary duty is to help its clients increase their assets and wealth. Evli sees that if we didn't consider a potentially existential threat to the business environment, then we would be negligent in our role. If we simply close our eyes and take the attitude that it is not our problem, then we would not be true to our clients. This is why the board has set ESG is one of Evli's strategic focus area driving everything we do at Evli. There need to be a dramatic reduction in CO2 emissions or it will have severe consequences and it might mean the end for thousands and thousands of companies. It will not only make life unbearable for many people around the world but will also have a negative effect on the investor and their assets.

☐ (G) Other measures to exer	cise oversight inlease specify

□ (H) The board or the equivalent function does not exercise oversight over climate-related risks and opportunities

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
ISP 29	CORE	N/A	N/A	PUBLIC	Governance	General

What is the role of management in assessing and managing climate-related risks and opportunities?

(A) Management is responsible for identifying climate-related risks/opportunities and reporting them back to the board or the equivalent function. Specify:

Evli's climate change related practices are reviewed annually by the Executive Group which also approves any changes to the practices. The executive group reports to the board. Addition to this Evli has separate RI Executive Group, which has established separate Climate Change working committee. The working committee includes Chief-level and manager-level employees and in that committee the asset specific climate-related risk and opportunities are identified. The portfolio managers take ESG issues, including climate change, into account in their investment processes and have responsibility of daily implementation of ESG and climate-change related issues. Evli also has separate RI team, which is e.g. in charge of all the engagement cases and the development of ESG and climate-change related processes at Evli.

☑ (B) Management implements the agreed-upon risk management measures. Specify:

The RI Executive Group is charge of the exclusions and already earlier the executive group was approving the Evli wide exclusions. Evli has identified climate-related metrics and has separate Climate Change Principles, which also include exclusions. These exlusions are implemented into the portfolio management and the management is systematically following the recent development. The risk management systems have been updated few years back and also the climate related metrics have been added into portfolio management and trade system.

☑ (C) Management monitors and reports on climate-related risks and opportunities. Specify:

The senior management are included both in the RI Executive Group and the Climate Change Working Committee and they are monitoring and reporting on the climate-related risks and opportunies as well as contributing to the climate-related work done at Evli. Evli is also reporting publicly different climate-related metrics, both risks and opportunities.

☑ (D) Management ensures adequate resources, including staff, training and budget, are available to assess, implement and monitor climate-related risks/opportunities and measures. Specify:

: In Evli the management is part of the climate-related work and they understand the need for the different resources needed. Evli has had for several years separate climate change related database bought from MSCI ESG Research and has been searching actively new data for the scenario analysis. Few years back there were many organisation wide data base changes and as part of these changes Evli's risk management tools and portfolio managers tools also for the climate-related metrics could be renewed and updated. Now the climate risk metrics are also an integrated part of the ESG risk management system and integrated into the trade and portfolio management systems. Also new members in the portfolio management teams and RI team have been recruited and for example Evli's Green Corporate Fund has an own ESG analyst. Related to the work done in the specific Climate Change Working Committee, the members (C-level, managerial level and portfolio managers from different assets classes) of the committee have been given specific climate-related information/analysis made by the RI team. All the portfolio managers and people working with clients have been given also separate trainings related to the Low Carbon transition. The RI team and the portfolio managers have also been encourage to participate different webinars related to climate-change.

☑ (E) Other roles management takes on to assess and manage climate-related risks/opportunities, please specify:

The RI Executive Group has established separate Climate Change working committee, which includes Chief-level and manager-level employees. The committee evaluates asset specific climate-related risk and opportunities and is also in charge of setting the Climate Change Targets.

□ (F) Our management does not have responsibility for assessing and managing climate-related risks and opportunities

Strategy

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
ISP 30	CORE	N/A	Multiple, see guidance	PUBLIC	Strategy	General

Which climate-related risks and opportunities has your organisation identified within its investment time horizon(s)?

☑ (A) Specific financial risks in different asset classes. Specify:

As an asset manager, Evli's most significant climate risks and opportunities are related to investment activities. For Evli's equity and fixed income funds the financial risks are related to the transition to a low-carbon economy. Investing in companies deemed to contribute to climate change will also increase the reputational risk associated with investment activities. In Evli's investment activities, physical risks can materialise through, for example, real estate investments, which may be increasingly exposed to extreme weather events and damage caused by sea-level rise or floods as a result of climate change. However, the physical effects of climate change are not limited to real estate investments, but also affect other asset classes such as equity and corporate bonds. In these asset classes, for example, industries dependent on foreign raw materials may be vulnerable to increasing extreme weather conditions.

☑ (B) Specific sectors and/or assets that are at risk of being stranded. Specify:

: For the equity and fixed income investments Evli uses external service providers data to analyse the companies how aligned they with the low carbon transition. This analyses covers also the companies being stranded. The same analysis is also publicly available for the investors. Evli is also screening and monitoring the companies owning fossil fuel reserves.

☑ (C) Assets with exposure to direct physical climate risk. Specify:

: In Evli's investment activities, physical risks can materialise through, for example, real estate investments, which may be increasingly exposed to extreme weather events and damage caused by sea-level rise or floods as a result of climate change.

☑ (D) Assets with exposure to indirect physical climate risk. Specify:

The physical effects of climate change are not limited to real estate investments, but also affect other asset classes such as equity and corporate bonds. In these asset classes, for example, industries dependent on foreign raw materials may be vulnerable to increasing extreme weather conditions.

☑ (E) Specific sectors and/or assets that are likely to benefit under a range of climate scenarios. Specify:

Assets in companies that take advantage of opportunities relating to climate change mitigation and adaptation are likely to benefit under a range of climate scenarios. In addition, climate change will increase the market for sustainable investments (e.g. green bonds), providing opportunities for new product development. Also forest assets, which seeks to mitigate climate change by achieving positive carbon effects are likely to benefit.

☑ (F) Specific sectors and/or assets that contribute significantly to achieving our climate goals. Specify:

Evli has forest fund, which strategy supports the long-term global warming objectives of the Paris Agreement and contributes to several of the UN's Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs). Forestry is recognized as one of the most effective and low-cost ways to capture carbon dioxide to mitigate climate change. It offers both commercial viability and scale. Through photosynthesis, trees absorb atmospheric carbon dioxide, converting it to wood. The carbon is stored in growing forests and in long lived wood products when harvested sustainably. In addition, the production of sustainable wood products can reduce carbon emissions by substituting for carbon intensive materials, such as steel and concrete in construction, and plastics in the packaging sector, aiding the transition to a net zero economy. Evli also has green corporate bond fund which invests into green and sustainable bonds. The fund responds to the need to act against the unsustainable use of resources and global warming. About 6.9 trillion dollars of infrastructure investment is required annually until 2030 to meet the UN Sustainable Development Goals and the Paris agreement's objectives, which represents real long-term investment opportunities in the corporate bond segment. Evli believes that having separate green corporate bond fund is efficient way to tackle and mitigate climate change.

∃ (G) Other	climate-related	risks	and	opportunities	identified.	Specify
------	---------	-----------------	-------	-----	---------------	-------------	---------

 $[\]square$ (G) Other climate-related risks and opportunities identified. Specify: \square (H) We have not identified specific climate-related risks and opportunities within our organisation's investment time horizon

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
ISP 30.1	CORE	ISP 30	N/A	PUBLIC	Strategy	General

For each of the identified climate-related risks and opportunities, indicate within which investment time-horizon they were identified.

	(1) 3–5 months	(2) 6 months to 2 years	(3) 2–4 years	(4) 5–10 years
(A) Specific financial risks in different asset classes [as specified]				Ø
(B) Specific sectors and/or assets that are at risk of being stranded [as specified]				Ø
(C) Assets with exposure to direct physical climate risk [as specified]				Ø
(D) Assets with exposure to indirect physical climate risk [as specified]				Ø
(E) Specific sectors and/or assets that are likely to benefit under a range of climate scenarios [as specified]				Ø
(F) Specific sectors and/or assets that contribute significantly to achieving our climate goals [as specified]				
	(5) 11–20 years	(6) 21–3	30 years	(7) >30 years
(A) Specific financial risks in different asset classes [as specified]		С]	

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
(F) Specific sectors and/or assets that contribute significantly to achieving our climate goals [as specified]						
that are lik	c sectors and/or assets rely to benefit under a climate scenarios [as specified]					
` '	ts with exposure to aysical climate risk [as specified]					
	ts with exposure to ysical climate risk [as specified]					
that are at	e sectors and/or assets risk of being stranded [as specified]					

Which climate-related risks and opportunities has your organisation identified beyond its investment time horizon(s)?

☑ (A) Specific financial risks in different asset classes. Specify:

CORE

ISP 31

The same financial risks in different asset classes are also identified beyond its investments time horizon(s). For Evli's equity and fixed income funds the financial risks are related to the transition to a low-carbon economy. Investing in companies deemed to contribute to climate change will also increase the reputational risk associated with investment activities. In Evli's investment activities, physical risks can materialise through, for example, real estate investments, which may be increasingly exposed to extreme weather events and damage caused by sea-level rise or floods as a result of climate change. However, the physical effects of climate change are not limited to real estate investments, but also affect other asset classes such as equity and corporate bonds. In these asset classes, for example, industries dependent on foreign raw materials may be vulnerable to increasing extreme weather conditions.

N/A

PUBLIC

Strategy

General

☑ (B) Specific sectors and/or assets that are at risk of being stranded. Specify:

N/A

For the equity and fixed income investments Evli uses external service providers data to analyse the companies how aligned they with the low carbon transition. This analyses covers also the companies being stranded. The same analysis is also publicly available for the investors. Evli is also following the companies owning fossil fuel reserves. These analyses are done also beyond the investment time horizon(s).

☑ (C) Assets with exposure to direct physical climate risk. Specify:

: In Evli's investment activities, physical risks can materialise through, for example, real estate investments, which may be increasingly exposed to extreme weather events and damage caused by sea-level rise or floods as a result of climate change.

☑ (D) Assets with exposure to indirect physical climate risk. Specify:

The physical effects of climate change are not limited to real estate investments, but also affect other asset classes such as equity and corporate bonds. In these asset classes, for example, industries dependent on foreign raw materials may be vulnerable to increasing extreme weather conditions.

☑ (E) Specific sectors and/or assets that are likely to benefit under a range of climate scenarios. Specify:

Assets in companies that take advantage of opportunities relating to climate change mitigation and adaptation are likely to benefit under a range of climate scenarios. In addition, climate change will increase the market for sustainable investments (e.g. green bonds), providing opportunities for new product development. Also forest assets, which seeks to mitigate climate change by achieving positive carbon effects are likely to benefit.

☑ (F) Specific sectors and/or assets that contribute significantly to achieving our climate goals. Specify:

Evli has forest fund, which strategy supports the long-term global warming objectives of the Paris Agreement and contributes to several of the UN's Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs). Forestry is recognized as one of the most effective and low-cost ways to capture carbon dioxide to mitigate climate change. It offers both commercial viability and scale. Through photosynthesis, trees absorb atmospheric carbon dioxide, converting it to wood. The carbon is stored in growing forests and in long lived wood products when harvested sustainably. In addition, the production of sustainable wood products can reduce carbon emissions by substituting for carbon intensive materials, such as steel and concrete in construction, and plastics in the packaging sector, aiding the transition to a net zero economy. Evli also has green corporate bond fund which invests into green and sustainable bonds. The fund responds to the need to act against the unsustainable use of resources and global warming. About 6.9 trillion dollars of infrastructure investment is required annually until 2030 to meet the UN Sustainable Development Goals and the Paris agreement's objectives, which represents real long-term investment opportunities in the corporate bond segment. Evli believes that having separate green corporate bond fund is efficient way to tackle and mitigate climate change.

- \square (G) Other climate-related risks and opportunities identified, please specify:
- ☐ (H) We have not identified specific climate-related risks and opportunities beyond our organisation's investment time horizon

Strategy: Scenario analysis

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
ISP 33	CORE	N/A	ISP 33.1	PUBLIC	Strategy: Scenario analysis	General

Does your organisation use scenario analysis to assess climate-related investment risks and opportunities? Select the range of scenarios used.

- ☑ (A) An orderly transition to a 2°C or lower scenario
- □ (B) An abrupt transition consistent with the Inevitable Policy Response
- (C) A failure to transition, based on a 4°C or higher scenario
- ☑ (D) Other climate scenario, specify:
- Different data providers scenario models related to Net Zero and Paris Agreement.
- □ (E) We do not use scenario analysis to assess climate-related investment risks and opportunities

Sustainability outcomes

Set policies on sustainability outcomes

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
ISP 40	CORE	ISP 1.1	N/A	PUBLIC	Set policies on sustainability outcomes	1, 2

Where is your approach to sustainability outcomes set out? Your policy/guideline may be a standalone document or part of a wider responsible investment policy.

- ☑ (A) Our approach to sustainability outcomes is set out in our responsible investment policy
- \square (B) Our approach to sustainability outcomes is set out in our exclusion policy
- □ (C) Our approach to sustainability outcomes is set out in our stewardship policy
- □ (D) Our approach to sustainability outcomes is set out in asset class–specific investment guidelines
- ☑ (E) Our approach to sustainability outcomes is set out in separate guidelines on specific outcomes (e.g. the SDGs, climate or human rights)

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
ISP 41	CORE	ISP 1.1	N/A	PUBLIC	Set policies on sustainability outcomes	1, 2

Which global or regionally recognised frameworks do your policies and guidelines on sustainability outcomes refer to?

- \square (A) The SDG goals and targets
- ☑ (B) The Paris Agreement
- (C) The UN Guiding Principles on Business and Human Rights
- \square (D) The OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises, including guidance on Responsible Business Conduct for Institutional Investors
- ☑ (E) Other frameworks, please specify:
- UN Global Compact Principles
- \square (F) Other frameworks, please specify:

Identify sustainability outcomes

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
ISP 43	CORE	N/A	Multiple, see guidance	PUBLIC	Identify sustainability outcomes	1

Has your organisation identified the intended and unintended sustainability outcomes from any of its activities?

- (A) No, we have not identified the sustainability outcomes from our activities
- (B) Yes, we have identified one or more sustainability outcomes from some or all of our activities

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
ISP 44	CORE	ISP 43	ISP 44.1	PUBLIC	Identify sustainability outcomes	1

What frameworks/tools did your organisation use to identify the sustainability outcomes from its activities? Indicate the tools or frameworks you have used to identify and map some or all of your sustainability outcomes.

- □ (A) The UN Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs) and targets
 □ (B) The Paris Agreement
- (C) The UN Guiding Principles on Business and Human Rights (UNGPs)
- \square (D) The OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises, including guidance on Responsible Business Conduct for Institutional Investors
- ☐ (E) The EU Taxonomy
- ☐ (F) Other taxonomies (e.g. similar to the EU Taxonomy), please specify:
- ☑ (G) Other framework/tool, please specify:
- UN Global Compact
- \square (H) Other framework/tool, please specify:
- \square (I) Other framework/tool, please specify:

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
ISP 44.1	CORE	ISP 44	N/A	PUBLIC	Identify sustainability outcomes	1

At what level(s) did your organisation identify the sustainability outcomes from its activities?

- \square (B) At the economic activity level
- (C) At the company level
- \square (D) At the sector level
- ☑ (E) At the country/region level
- \Box (F) At the global level
- \square (G) Other level(s), please specify:
- ☐ (H) We do not track at what level(s) our sustainability outcomes were identified

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
ISP 45	CORE	ISP 43	SO 1	PUBLIC	Identify sustainability outcomes	1

How has your organisation determined your most important sustainability outcome objectives?

71 ((A)	Identifying	sustainability	outcomes	that	are closely	z linked	to our	core investment	t activities
v (43.1	ICCH OH VHIE	в из оашаршо у	Officomes	OTTOO	are croser	у шікси	to our	COLC HIACOURICH	n encoratores

- \square (B) Consulting with key clients and/or beneficiaries to align with their priorities
- \square (C) Assessing the potential severity (e.g. probability and amplitude) of specific negative outcomes over different timeframes
- (D) Focusing on the potential for systemic impacts (e.g. due to high level of interconnectedness with other global challenges)
- □ (E) Evaluating the potential for certain outcome objectives to act as a catalyst/enabler to achieve a broad range of goals (e.g. gender or education)
- □ (F) Analysing the input from different stakeholders (e.g. affected communities, civil society or similar)
- □ (G) Understanding the geographical relevance of specific sustainability outcome objectives
- \square (H) Other method, please specify:
- \square (I) We have not yet determined our most important sustainability outcome objectives

Transparency & Confidence-Building Measures

Information disclosed – ESG assets

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
ISP 46	CORE	OO 16	N/A	PUBLIC	Information disclosed – ESG assets	6

For the majority of your ESG/sustainability marketed funds or products, and/or your ESG/RI certified or labelled assets, what information about your ESG approach do you (or the external investment managers/service providers acting on your behalf) include in material shared with clients, beneficiaries and/or the public? The material may be marketing material, information targeted towards existing or prospective clients or information for beneficiaries.

- (A) A commitment to responsible investment (e.g. that we are a PRI signatory)
- ☑ (B) Industry-specific and asset class–specific standards that we align with (e.g. TCFD, or GRESB for property and infrastructure)
- ☑ (C) Our responsible investment policy (at minimum a summary of our high-level approach)
- (D) A description of our investment process and how ESG is considered
- (E) ESG objectives of individual funds
- □ (F) Information about the ESG benchmark(s) that we use to measure fund performance
- ☑ (G) Our stewardship approach
- ☑ (H) A description of the ESG criteria applied (e.g. sectors, products, activities, ratings and similar)
- (I) The thresholds for the ESG criteria applied in our investment decisions or universe construction
- (J) A list of our main investments and holdings
- ☑ (K) ESG case study/example from existing fund(s)
- \square (L)We do not include our approach to ESG in material shared with clients/beneficiaries/the public for the majority of our ESG/sustainability marketed funds or products, and/or our ESG/RI certified or labelled assets

Client reporting – ESG assets

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
ISP 48	CORE	Multiple, see guidance	N/A	PUBLIC	Client reporting – ESG assets	6

What ESG information is included in your client reporting for the majority of your ESG/sustainability marketed funds or products, and/or your ESG/RI certified or labelled assets?

- ☑ (A) Qualitative analysis, descriptive examples or case studies
- ☑ (B) Quantitative analysis or key performance indicators (KPIs) related to ESG performance
- (C) Progress on our sustainability outcome objectives
- (D) Stewardship results
- ☑ (E) Information on ESG incidents, where applicable
- ☐ (F) Analysis of ESG contribution to portfolio financial performance
- \square (G) We do not include ESG information in client reporting for the majority of our ESG/sustainability marketed funds or products, and/or our ESG/RI certified or labelled assets

Information disclosed – All assets

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
ISP 49	CORE	N/A	N/A	PUBLIC	Information disclosed – All assets	6

For the majority of your total assets under management, what information about your ESG approach do you (or the external managers/service providers acting on your behalf) include in material shared with clients, beneficiaries and/or the public? The material may be marketing material, information targeted towards existing or prospective clients or information for beneficiaries.

- (A) A commitment to responsible investment (e.g. that we are a PRI signatory)
- ☑ (B) Industry-specific and asset class–specific standards that we align with (e.g. TCFD, or GRESB for property and infrastructure)
- (C) Our responsible investment policy (at minimum a summary of our high-level approach)
- (D) A description of our investment process and how ESG is considered
- ☑ (E) ESG objectives of individual funds
- □ (F) Information about the ESG benchmark(s) that we use to measure fund performance
- ☑ (G) Our stewardship approach
- ☑ (H) A description of the ESG criteria applied (e.g. sectors, products, activities, ratings and similar)
- ☑ (I) The thresholds for the ESG criteria applied in our investment decisions or universe construction
- (J) A list of our main investments and holdings

☑ (K) ESG case study/example from existing fund(s)

 \square (L) We do not include our approach to ESG in material shared with clients/beneficiaries/the public for the majority of our assets under management

Client reporting – All assets

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
ISP 50	CORE	Multiple, see guidance	N/A	PUBLIC	Client reporting – All assets	6

What ESG information is included in your client reporting for the majority of your assets under management?

- ☑ (A) Qualitative ESG analysis, descriptive examples or case studies
- ☑ (B) Quantitative analysis or key performance indicators (KPIs) related to ESG performance
- ☑ (C) Progress on our sustainability outcome objectives
- ☑ (D) Stewardship results
- ☑ (E) Information on ESG incidents where applicable
- □ (F) Analysis of ESG contribution to portfolio financial performance
- □ (G) We do not include ESG information in client reporting for the majority of our assets under management

Frequency of client reporting – All assets

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
ISP 51	CORE	Multiple, see guidance	N/A	PUBLIC	Frequency of client reporting – All assets	6

For the majority of each asset class, how frequently do you report ESG-related information to your clients?

(A) Listed equity	(1) Quarterly
(B) Fixed income	(1) Quarterly
(C) Private equity	(1) Quarterly
(D) Real estate	(3) Annually

Confidence-building measures

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
ISP 52	CORE	OO 16.1	Multiple, see guidance	PUBLIC	Confidence-building measures	6

What verification has your organisation had regarding the information you have provided in your PRI Transparency Report this year?

- ☑ (A) We received third-party independent assurance of selected processes and/or data related to our responsible investment processes, which resulted in a formal assurance conclusion
- \square (B) We conducted a third-party readiness review and are making changes to our internal controls/governance or processes to be able to conduct an external assurance next year
- \square (C) The internal audit function team performed an independent audit of selected processes/and or data related to our responsible investment processes reported in this PRI report
- ☑ (D) Our board, CEO, other C-level equivalent and/or investment committee has signed off on our PRI report
- ☑ (E) Some or all of our funds have been audited as part of the certification process against a sustainable investment/RI label
- \square (F) We conducted an external ESG audit of our ESG/sustainability marketed funds or products (excluding ESG/RI certified or labelled assets)
- □ (G) We conducted an external ESG audit of our holdings to check that our funds comply with our RI policy (e.g. exclusion list or investee companies in portfolio above certain ESG rating)
- \square (H) We conducted an external ESG audit of our holdings as part of risk management, engagement identification or investment decision-making
- ☑ (I) Responses related to our RI practices documented in this report have been internally reviewed before submission to the PRI
- \square (J) None of the above

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
ISP 53	CORE	ISP 52, OO 14	N/A	PUBLIC	Confidence-building measures	6

Which responsible investment processes and/or data did your organisation have third-party external assurance on?

(A) Investment and stewardship policy	(4) Neither process nor data assured
(B) Manager selection, appointment and monitoring	(4) Neither process nor data assured

(C) Listed equity	(4) Neither process nor data assured
(D) Fixed income	(4) Neither process nor data assured
(E) Private equity	(4) Neither process nor data assured
(F) Real estate	(2) Data assured

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
ISP 54	CORE	ISP 52	ISP 54.1	PUBLIC	Confidence-building measures	6

What standard did your third-party external assurance provider use?

	(A)	PAS 7341:2020
	(B)	ISAE 3000 and national standards based on this
	(C)	Dutch Standard 3810N (Assurance engagements regarding sustainability reports)
	(D)	RevR6 (Assurance of Sustainability)
	(E)	IDW AsS 821 (Assurance Standard for the Audit or Review of Reports on Sustainability Issues)
	(F)	Accountability AA1000 Assurance Standard (AA1000AS)
	(G)	IFC performance standards
	(H)	SSAE 18 and SOC 1
	(I)	Other national auditing/assurance standard with guidance on sustainability, please specify:
	(J)	Invest Europe Handbook of Professional Standards
	(K)	ISAE 3402
	(L)	$\mathrm{AAF}\ 01/06$
	(M)	AAF 01/06 Stewardship Supplement
	(N)	ISO 26000 Social Responsibility
	(O)	ASAE 3410 Assurance Engagements on Greenhouse Gas Statements
	(P)	PCAF
	(Q)	NGERS audit framework (National Greenhouse and Energy Reporting)
	(R)	Auditor's proprietary assurance framework for assuring RI-related information
\checkmark	(S)	Other greenhouse gas emissions assurance standard, please specify:
	ass	ured data based on GRI standards
	(T)	None of the above

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
ISP 58	CORE	ISP 52	N/A	PUBLIC	Confidence-building measures	6

Who has reviewed/verified the entirety of or selected data from your PRI report?

(A) Board and/or trustees	(4) report not reviewed
(B) Chief-level staff (e.g. Chief Executive Officer (CEO), Chief Investment Officer (CIO) or Chief Operating Officer (COO))	(3) parts of the report
(C) Investment committee	(3) parts of the report
(D) Other chief-level staff, please specify: $\label{eq:nable} N/A$	(4) report not reviewed
(E) Head of department, please specify: Head of Sustainability	(1) the entire report
(F) Compliance/risk management team	(4) report not reviewed
(G) Legal team	(4) report not reviewed
(H) RI/ ESG team	(1) the entire report
(I) Investment teams	(3) parts of the report

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
ISP 59	CORE	ISP 52	N/A	PUBLIC	Confidence-building measures	6

Which of the following ESG/RI certifications or labels do you hold?

	(A)	Commodity type label (e.g. BCI)
√	(B)	GRESB
	(C)	Austrian Ecolabel (UZ49)
	(D)	B Corporation
√	(E)	BREEAM
	(F)	CBI Climate Bonds Standard
	(G)	EU Ecolabel
	(H)	EU Green Bond Standard
	(I)	Febelfin label (Belgium)
	(J)	FNG-Siegel Ecolabel (Germany, Austria and Switzerland)
	(K)	Greenfin label (France)
√	(L)	ICMA Green Bond Principles
	(M)	Le label ISR (French government SRI label)
	(N)	Luxflag Climate Finance
	(O)	Luxflag Environment
	(P)	Luxflag ESG
	(Q)	Luxflag Green Bond
	(R)	Luxflag Microfinance
	(S)	National stewardship code (e.g. UK or Japan), please specify:
	(T)	Nordic Swan Ecolabel
	(U)	Other SRI label based on EUROSIF SRI Transparency Code (e.g. Novethic), please specify:
	(V)	People's Bank of China green bond guidelines
	(W)	RIAA (Australia)
	(X)	Towards Sustainability label (Belgium)
	(Y)	Other, please specify:

Manager Selection, Appointment and Monitoring (SAM)

Selection

Responsible investment policy

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
SAM 2	CORE	OO 11	SAM 2.1	PUBLIC	Responsible investment policy	1, 4

During the reporting year, did your organisation include compliance with your responsible investment policy as a pre-requisite when selecting external managers? (If you did not select any external managers during the reporting year, refer to the last reporting year in which you did select external managers.)

	(1) Yes, only when selecting external managers of ESG/sustainability funds	(2) Yes, when selecting external managers of ESG/sustainability funds and mainstream funds (This option also applies to signatories who may not hold ESG/sustainability funds)	(3) We did not include compliance with our responsible investment policy as a pre-requisite when selecting external managers
(A) Listed equity (active)	0	•	0
(B) Listed equity (passive)	0	•	0
(C) Fixed income (active)	0	•	0
(D) Fixed income (passive)	0	•	0
(E) Private equity	0	•	0
(G) Infrastructure	0	•	0

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
SAM 2.1	CORE	SAM 2	N/A	PUBLIC	Responsible investment policy	1,4

In what proportion of cases did your organisation include compliance with your responsible investment policy as a pre-requisite when selecting external managers?

(1) Listed equity (active) (B) When selecting external managers of ESG/sustainability funds and mainstream (1) in all cases (2) Listed equity (passive) (B) When selecting external managers of ESG/sustainability funds and mainstream (1) in all cases funds (3) Fixed income (active) (B) When selecting external managers of ESG/sustainability funds and mainstream (1) in all cases funds (4) Fixed income (passive) (B) When selecting external managers of ESG/sustainability funds and mainstream (1) in all cases funds (5) Private equity (B) When selecting external managers of ESG/sustainability funds and mainstream (1) in all cases funds (7) Infrastructure (B) When selecting external managers of ESG/sustainability funds and mainstream (1) in all cases funds

Research and screening

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
SAM 3	CORE	OO 11	N/A	PUBLIC	Research and screening	1

When selecting external managers, which aspects of their organisation do you, or the investment consultant acting on your behalf, assess against responsible investment criteria? (Per asset class, indicate the proportion of your AUM to which each of these selection practices applies, regardless of when you selected your different external managers.)

	(1) Listed equity (active)	(2) Listed equity (passive)
(A) Firm culture	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM
(B) Investment approach, objectives and philosophy	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM
(C) Investment policy or guidelines	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM
(D) Governance structure and management oversight, including diversity	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM
(E) Investment strategy and fund structure	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM
(F) Investment team competencies	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM
(G) Other, please specify:	N/A	N/A
1 0	(4) for none of our externally managed AUM	(4) for none of our externally managed AUM

	(3) Fixed income (active)	(4) Fixed income (passive)
(A) Firm culture	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM
(B) Investment approach, objectives and philosophy	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM
(C) Investment policy or guidelines	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM
(D) Governance structure and management oversight, including diversity	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM
(E) Investment strategy and fund structure	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM
(F) Investment team competencies	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM
(G) Other, please specify:	N/A (4) for none of our externally managed AUM	N/A (4) for none of our externally managed AUM
	(5) Private equity	(7) Infrastructure
(A) Firm culture	(2) for the majority of our externally managed AUM	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM
(B) Investment approach, objectives and philosophy	(2) for the majority of our externally managed AUM	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM
(C) Investment policy or guidelines	(2) for the majority of our externally managed AUM	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM
(D) Governance structure and management oversight, including diversity	(2) for the majority of our externally managed AUM	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM

(E) Investment strategy and fund structure	(2) for the majority of our externally managed AUM	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM
(F) Investment team competencies	(2) for the majority of our externally managed AUM	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM
(G) Other, please specify:	$${\rm N/A}$$ (4) for none of our externally managed AUM	$${\rm N}/{\rm A}$$ (4) for none of our externally managed AUM

Investment practices

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
SAM 4	CORE	OO 11	N/A	PUBLIC	Investment practices	1

Which responsible investment practices does your organisation, or the investment consultants acting on your behalf, require as part of your external manager selection criteria? (Per asset class, indicate the proportion of your AUM to which each of these selection practices applies, regardless of when you selected your different external managers.) As part of the selection criteria, we require that external managers:

	(1) Listed equity (active)	(2) Listed equity (passive)		
(A) Incorporate material ESG factors in all of their investment analyses and decisions	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM	(3) for a minority of our externally managed $$\operatorname{AUM}$$		
(B) Incorporate their own responsible investment policy into their asset allocation decisions	(3) for a minority of our externally managed AUM	(4) for none of our externally managed AUM		
(C) Have adequate resources and processes to analyse ESG factors	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM	(4) for none of our externally managed AUM		

(D) Incorporate material ESG factors throughout their portfolio construction	(2) for the majority of our externally managed AUM	(4) for none of our externally managed AUM
(E) Engage with underlying portfolio assets to address ESG risks and opportunities	(4) for none of our externally managed AUM	(4) for none of our externally managed AUM
(F) Comply with their own exclusions policy	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM
(G) Embed ESG considerations in contractual documentation	(4) for none of our externally managed AUM	(4) for none of our externally managed AUM
(H) Implement adequate disclosure and accountability mechanisms	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM
(I) Are willing to work in partnership with our organisation to develop their responsible investment approach	(4) for none of our externally managed AUM	(4) for none of our externally managed AUM
(J) Track the positive and negative sustainability outcomes of their activities	(3) for a minority of our externally managed AUM	(3) for a minority of our externally managed AUM
(K) Other, please	N/A	N/A
specify:	(4) for none of our externally managed AUM	(4) for none of our externally managed AUM

	(3) Fixed income (active)	(4) Fixed income (passive)
(A) Incorporate material ESG factors in all of their investment analyses and decisions	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM	(3) for a minority of our externally managed AUM
(B) Incorporate their own responsible investment policy into their asset allocation decisions	(3) for a minority of our externally managed AUM	(4) for none of our externally managed AUM
(C) Have adequate resources and processes to analyse ESG factors	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM	(4) for none of our externally managed AUM
(D) Incorporate material ESG factors throughout their portfolio construction	(2) for the majority of our externally managed AUM	(4) for none of our externally managed AUM
(E) Engage with underlying portfolio assets to address ESG risks and opportunities	(4) for none of our externally managed AUM	(4) for none of our externally managed AUM
(F) Comply with their own exclusions policy	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM
(G) Embed ESG considerations in contractual documentation	(4) for none of our externally managed AUM	(4) for none of our externally managed AUM
(H) Implement adequate disclosure and accountability mechanisms	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM

(I) Are willing to work in partnership with our organisation to develop their responsible investment approach	(4) for none of our externally managed AUM	(4) for none of our externally managed AUM		
(J) Track the positive and negative sustainability outcomes of their activities (3) for a minority of our externally managed AUM		(3) for a minority of our externally managed AUM		
(K) Other, please	vert N/A	N/A		
specify:	(4) for none of our externally managed AUM	(4) for none of our externally managed AUM		
	(5) Private equity	(7) Infrastructure		
(A) Incorporate material ESG factors in all of their investment analyses and decisions	(2) for the majority of our externally managed AUM	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM		
(B) Incorporate their own responsible investment policy into their asset allocation decisions	(2) for the majority of our externally managed AUM	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM		
(C) Have adequate resources and processes to analyse ESG factors	(2) for the majority of our externally managed AUM	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM		
(D) Incorporate material ESG factors throughout their portfolio construction	(2) for the majority of our externally managed AUM	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM		
(E) Engage with underlying portfolio assets to address	(2) for the majority of our externally managed AUM	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM		

(F) Comply with heir own exclusions policy (2) for the majority of our externally managed AUM		(1) for all of our externally managed AUM
(G) Embed ESG considerations in contractual documentation	(2) for the majority of our externally managed AUM	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM
(H) Implement adequate disclosure and accountability mechanisms	(2) for the majority of our externally managed AUM	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM
(I) Are willing to work in partnership with our organisation to develop their responsible investment approach	(4) for none of our externally managed AUM	(4) for none of our externally managed AUM
(J) Track the positive and negative sustainability outcomes of their activities	(4) for none of our externally managed AUM	(4) for none of our externally managed AUM
(K) Other, please specify:	N/A	N/A

${\bf Stewardship}$

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
SAM 6	CORE	00	N/A	PUBLIC	Stewardship	2

How does your organisation, or the investment consultants acting on your behalf, assess the stewardship policies of investment managers during the selection process? (Per asset class, indicate the proportion of your AUM to which each of these selection practices applies, regardless of when you selected your different external managers.)

	(1) Listed equity (active)	(3) Fixed income (active)		
(A) We assess the degree to which their stewardship policy aligns with ours	(2) for the majority of our externally managed AUM	(2) for the majority of our externally managed AUM		
(B) We require that their stewardship policy prioritises systemic issues	(4) for none of our externally managed AUM	(4) for none of our externally managed AUM		
(C) We require that their stewardship policy prioritises ESG factors beyond corporate governance	(4) for none of our externally managed AUM	(4) for none of our externally managed AUM		
(D) We require that their stewardship policy allows for and encourages the use of a variety of stewardship tools	(4) for none of our externally managed AUM	(4) for none of our externally managed AUM		
(E) We require that their stewardship policy allows for and encourages participation in collaborative initiatives	(4) for none of our externally managed AUM	(4) for none of our externally managed AUM		

(F) We require that their stewardship policy includes adequate escalation strategies for instances where initial efforts are unsuccessful	(4) for none of our externally managed AUM	(4) for none of our externally managed AUM
(G) Other, please specify:	N/A	N/A
specify.	(4) for none of our externally managed AUM	(4) for none of our externally managed AUM
	(5) Private equity	(7) Infrastructure
(A) We assess the degree to which their stewardship policy aligns with ours	(2) for the majority of our externally managed AUM	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM
(B) We require that their stewardship policy prioritises systemic issues	(4) for none of our externally managed AUM	(4) for none of our externally managed AUM
(C) We require that their stewardship policy prioritises ESG factors beyond corporate governance	(4) for none of our externally managed AUM	(4) for none of our externally managed AUM
(D) We require that their stewardship policy allows for and encourages the use of a variety of stewardship tools		(4) for none of our externally managed AUM
(E) We require that their stewardship policy allows for and encourages participation in collaborative initiatives	(4) for none of our externally managed AUM	(4) for none of our externally managed AUM

(F) We require that their stewardship policy includes adequate escalation strategies for instances where initial efforts are unsuccessful	(2) for the majority of our externally managed AUM	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM		
(G) Other, please specify:	N/A (4) for none of our externally managed AUM	N/A (4) for none of our externally managed AUM		

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
SAM 7	CORE	00	N/A	PUBLIC	Stewardship	2

How does your organisation, or the investment consultants acting on your behalf, assess the stewardship practices of external managers as part of the selection process? (Per asset class, indicate the proportion of your AUM to which each of these selection practices applies, regardless of when you selected your different external managers.)

	(1) Listed equity (active)	(3) Fixed income (active)
(A) We assess whether they allocate sufficient resources to stewardship overall	(4) for none of our externally managed AUM	(4) for none of our externally managed AUM
(B) We assess whether they allocate sufficient resources for systemic stewardship	(4) for none of our externally managed AUM	(4) for none of our externally managed AUM
(C) We assess the degree of implementation of their stewardship policy	(4) for none of our externally managed AUM	(4) for none of our externally managed AUM

(D) We assess whether their investment team is involved in stewardship activities	(4) for none of our externally managed AUM	(4) for none of our externally managed AUM
(E) We assess whether stewardship actions and results are fed back into the investment process and decisions	(4) for none of our externally managed AUM	(4) for none of our externally managed AUM
(F) We assess whether they make full use of a variety of tools to advance their stewardship priorities	(4) for none of our externally managed AUM	(4) for none of our externally managed AUM
(G) We assess whether they deploy their escalation process to advance their stewardship priorities where initial efforts are unsuccessful	(4) for none of our externally managed AUM	(4) for none of our externally managed AUM
(H) We assess whether they participate in collaborative stewardship initiatives	(4) for none of our externally managed AUM	(4) for none of our externally managed AUM
(I) We assess whether they take an active role in their participation in collaborative stewardship initiatives	(4) for none of our externally managed AUM	(4) for none of our externally managed AUM
(J) Other, please specify:	N/A (4) for none of our externally managed AUM	N/A (4) for none of our externally managed AUM

	(5) Private equity	(7) Infrastructure
(A) We assess whether they allocate sufficient resources to stewardship overall	(2) for the majority of our externally managed AUM	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM
(B) We assess whether they allocate sufficient resources for systemic stewardship	(2) for the majority of our externally managed AUM	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM
(C) We assess the degree of implementation of their stewardship policy	(2) for the majority of our externally managed AUM	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM
(D) We assess whether their investment team is involved in stewardship activities	(2) for the majority of our externally managed AUM	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM
(E) We assess whether stewardship actions and results are fed back into the investment process and decisions	(4) for none of our externally managed AUM	(4) for none of our externally managed AUM
(F) We assess whether they make full use of a variety of tools to advance their stewardship priorities	(4) for none of our externally managed AUM	(4) for none of our externally managed AUM
(G) We assess whether they deploy their escalation process to advance their stewardship priorities where initial efforts are unsuccessful	(4) for none of our externally managed AUM	(4) for none of our externally managed AUM

(H) We assess whether they participate in collaborative stewardship initiatives	(4) for none of our externally managed AUM	(4) for none of our externally managed AUM
(I) We assess whether they take an active role in their participation in collaborative stewardship initiatives	(4) for none of our externally managed AUM	(4) for none of our externally managed AUM
(J) Other, please specify:	N/A (4) for none of our externally managed AUM	N/A (4) for none of our externally managed AUM

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
SAM 9	CORE	OO 11 and OO 9 FI	N/A	PUBLIC	Stewardship	2

Which stewardship practices does your organisation, or the investment consultants acting on your behalf, assess when selecting external managers that invest in fixed income? (Per strategy, indicate the proportion of your AUM to which each of these selection practices applies, regardless of when you selected your different external managers.)

(1) Fixed income (active)

(A) We agged	(4) for none of our outernally managed AIIM
(A) We assess	(4) for none of our externally managed AUM
whether they	
engage with issuers	
in the context of	
refinancing	
operations to	
advance ESG	
factors beyond	
governance	
(B) We assess	(4) for none of our externally managed AUM
whether they	
engage with issuers	
in the context of	
refinancing	
operations to	
advance systemic	
issues	

(C) We assess whether they prioritise ESG factors beyond governance in case of credit events	(4) for none of our externally managed AUM
(D) We assess whether they prioritise systemic issues in case of credit events	(4) for none of our externally managed AUM

Documentation and track record

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
SAM 11	CORE	OO 11	N/A	PUBLIC	Documentation and track record	1

As part of your selection process, which documents does your organisation, or the investment consultants acting on your behalf, review to gain confidence in external managers' responsible investment practices? (Indicate the proportion of your AUM to which each of these selection practices applies, regardless of when you selected your different external managers.)

(A) Standard client reporting, responsible investment reports or impact reports	(2) for the majority of our externally managed AUM
(B) Responsible investment methodology and its influence on past investment decisions	(3) for a minority of our externally managed AUM
(C) Historical voting and engagement activities with investees	(4) for none of our externally managed AUM
(D) Historical engagement activities with policymakers	(4) for none of our externally managed AUM
(E) Compliance manuals and portfolios to ensure universal construction rules are applied (e.g. exclusions, thematic, best-in-class definitions and thresholds)	(3) for a minority of our externally managed AUM
(F) Controversies and incidence reports	(3) for a minority of our externally managed AUM
(F) Controversies and incidence reports	-

(G) Code of conduct or codes of ethics	(3) for a minority of our externally managed AUM
(H) Other, please specify: N/A	(4) for none of our externally managed AUM
N/A	managed AUM

Appointment

Pooled funds

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
SAM 12	CORE	OO 12, OO 5.1, OO 15	N/A	PUBLIC	Pooled funds	4

How did your organisation, or the investment consultants acting on your behalf, include responsible investment requirements for pooled funds in your current contracts with external managers? (Indicate the proportion of your AUM invested in pooled funds to which each of these requirements applies, regardless of when you appointed your different external managers.)

(A) We amended or instituted side letters or equivalent legal documentation to include responsible investment requirements

(B) We encouraged the external manager to include responsible investment requirements into the investment mandate, the investment management agreement or equivalent legal documentation

(3) for a minority of our AUM invested in pooled funds

Monitoring

Investment practices

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
SAM 14	CORE	OO 13	N/A	PUBLIC	Investment practices	1

During the reporting year, which aspects of your external manager's responsible investment practices did you, or your investment consultant acting on your behalf, monitor?

	(1) Listed equity (active)	(2) Listed equity (passive)
(A) We monitored their alignment with our organisation's responsible investment strategy	(2) for the majority of our externally managed AUM	(2) for the majority of our externally managed AUM
(B) We monitored any changes in their responsible investment–related policies, resourcing, oversight and responsibilities or investment processes	(3) for a minority of our externally managed AUM	(4) for none of our externally managed AUM
(C) We monitored their use of ESG data, benchmarks, tools and certifications	(3) for a minority of our externally managed AUM	(4) for none of our externally managed AUM
(D) We monitored how ESG incorporation affected investment decisions	(3) for a minority of our externally managed AUM	(4) for none of our externally managed AUM
(E) We monitored how ESG incorporation affected the fund's financial and ESG	(2) for the majority of our externally managed AUM	(4) for none of our externally managed AUM

(F) We monitored any changes in ESG risk management processes	(3) for a minority of our externally managed $$\operatorname{AUM}$$	(4) for none of our externally managed AUM
(G) We monitored their response to material ESG incidents	(3) for a minority of our externally managed AUM	(4) for none of our externally managed AUM
(H) Other, please	\mathbb{N}/\mathbb{A}	m N/A
specify:	(4) for none of our externally managed AUM	(4) for none of our externally managed AUM
	(3) Fixed income (active)	(4) Fixed income (passive)
(A) We monitored their alignment with our organisation's responsible investment strategy	(2) for the majority of our externally managed AUM	(2) for the majority of our externally managed AUM
(B) We monitored any changes in their responsible investment—related policies, resourcing, oversight and responsibilities or investment processes	(3) for a minority of our externally managed AUM	(4) for none of our externally managed AUM
(C) We monitored their use of ESG data, benchmarks, tools and certifications	(3) for a minority of our externally managed AUM	(4) for none of our externally managed AUM
(D) We monitored how ESG incorporation affected investment decisions	(3) for a minority of our externally managed AUM	(4) for none of our externally managed AUM
(E) We monitored how ESG incorporation affected the fund's financial and ESG	(2) for the majority of our externally managed AUM	(4) for none of our externally managed AUM

(F) We monitored any changes in ESG risk management processes	(3) for a minority of our externally managed AUM	(4) for none of our externally managed AUM
(G) We monitored their response to material ESG incidents	(3) for a minority of our externally managed AUM	(4) for none of our externally managed AUM
(H) Other, please	N/A	N/A
specify:	(4) for none of our externally managed AUM	(4) for none of our externally managed AUM
	(5) Private equity	(7) Infrastructure
(A) We monitored their alignment with our organisation's responsible investment strategy	(2) for the majority of our externally managed AUM	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM
(B) We monitored any changes in their responsible investment-related policies, resourcing, oversight and responsibilities or investment processes	(2) for the majority of our externally managed AUM	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM
(C) We monitored their use of ESG data, benchmarks, tools and certifications	(2) for the majority of our externally managed AUM	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM
(D) We monitored how ESG incorporation affected investment decisions	(2) for the majority of our externally managed AUM	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM
(E) We monitored how ESG incorporation affected the fund's financial and ESG	(4) for none of our externally managed AUM	(4) for none of our externally managed AUM

(F) We monitored any changes in ESG risk management processes	(2) for the majority of our externally managed AUM	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM	
(G) We monitored their response to material ESG incidents	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM	
(H) Other, please specify:	$${\rm N/A}$$ (4) for none of our externally managed AUM	\mathbb{N}/\mathbb{A} (4) for none of our externally managed AUM	

Stewardship

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
SAM 17	CORE	Multiple, see guidance	N/A	PUBLIC	Stewardship	1, 2

During the reporting year, how did your organisation, or the investment consultants acting on your behalf, monitor your external managers' stewardship activities?

	(1) Listed equity (active)	(3) Fixed income (active)
(A) We monitored any changes in stewardship policies and processes	(4) for none of our externally managed AUM	(4) for none of our externally managed AUM
(B) We monitored the degree of implementation of their stewardship policy	(4) for none of our externally managed AUM	(4) for none of our externally managed AUM
(C) We monitored their prioritisation of systemic issues	(4) for none of our externally managed AUM	(4) for none of our externally managed AUM
(D) We monitored their prioritisation of ESG factors beyond corporate governance	(4) for none of our externally managed AUM	(4) for none of our externally managed AUM

(E) We monitored their investment team's level of involvement in stewardship activities	(3) for a minority of our externally managed AUM	(4) for none of our externally managed AUM
(F) We monitored whether stewardship actions and results were fed back into the investment process and investment decisions	(4) for none of our externally managed AUM	(4) for none of our externally managed AUM
(G) We monitored whether they had made full use of a variety of stewardship tools to advance their stewardship priorities	(4) for none of our externally managed AUM	(4) for none of our externally managed AUM
(H) We monitored the deployment of their escalation process in cases where initial stewardship efforts were unsuccessful	(4) for none of our externally managed AUM	(4) for none of our externally managed AUM
(I) We monitored whether they had participated in collaborative stewardship initiatives	(4) for none of our externally managed AUM	(4) for none of our externally managed AUM
(J) We monitored the degree to which they had taken an active role in their participation in collaborative stewardship initiatives	(4) for none of our externally managed AUM	(4) for none of our externally managed AUM
(K) Other, please specify:	N/A (4) for none of our externally managed AUM	N/A (4) for none of our externally managed AUM

	(5) Private equity	(7) Infrastructure
(A) We monitored any changes in stewardship policies and processes	(2) for the majority of our externally managed AUM	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM
(B) We monitored the degree of implementation of their stewardship policy	(2) for the majority of our externally managed AUM	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM
(C) We monitored their prioritisation of systemic issues	(4) for none of our externally managed AUM	(4) for none of our externally managed AUM
(D) We monitored their prioritisation of ESG factors beyond corporate governance	(4) for none of our externally managed AUM	(4) for none of our externally managed AUM
(E) We monitored their investment team's level of involvement in stewardship activities	(2) for the majority of our externally managed AUM	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM
(F) We monitored whether stewardship actions and results were fed back into the investment process and investment decisions	(4) for none of our externally managed AUM	(4) for none of our externally managed AUM
(G) We monitored whether they had made full use of a variety of stewardship tools to advance their stewardship priorities	(4) for none of our externally managed AUM	(4) for none of our externally managed AUM
(H) We monitored the deployment of their escalation	(4) for none of our externally managed AUM	(4) for none of our externally managed AUM

(I) We monitored whether they had participated in collaborative stewardship initiatives	(4) for none of our externally managed AUM	(4) for none of our externally managed AUM		
(J) We monitored the degree to which they had taken an active role in their participation in collaborative stewardship initiatives	(4) for none of our externally managed AUM	(4) for none of our externally managed AUM		
(K) Other, please specify:	$${\rm N/A}$$ (4) for none of our externally managed AUM	$${\rm N/A}$$ (4) for none of our externally managed AUM		

Review

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
SAM 20	CORE	OO 13	N/A	PUBLIC	Review	1

During the reporting year, how often did your organisation, or the investment consultants acting on your behalf, require your external managers to report to you on their responsible investment practices?

	(1) Listed equity (active)	(2) Listed equity (passive)
(A) Quarterly or more often	(4) for none of our externally managed AUM	(4) for none of our externally managed AUM
(B) Every six months	(4) for none of our externally managed AUM	(4) for none of our externally managed AUM
(C) Annually	(3) for a minority of our externally managed $$\operatorname{AUM}$$	(3) for a minority of our externally managed $$\operatorname{AUM}$$
(D) Less than once a year	(3) for a minority of our externally managed $$\operatorname{AUM}$$	(3) for a minority of our externally managed $$\operatorname{AUM}$$

(E) On an ad hoc basis (e.g. whenever significant changes, incidents or ESG-linked events occur) (3) for a minority of our externally managed AUM		(3) for a minority of our externally managed AUM
	(3) Fixed income (active)	(4) Fixed income (passive)
(A) Quarterly or more often	(4) for none of our externally managed AUM	(4) for none of our externally managed AUM
(B) Every six months	(4) for none of our externally managed AUM	(4) for none of our externally managed AUM
(C) Annually	(3) for a minority of our externally managed $$\operatorname{AUM}$$	(4) for none of our externally managed AUM
(D) Less than once a year	(3) for a minority of our externally managed $$\operatorname{AUM}$$	(4) for none of our externally managed AUM
(E) On an ad hoc basis (e.g. whenever significant changes, incidents or ESG- linked events occur)	(3) for a minority of our externally managed AUM	(4) for none of our externally managed AUM
	(5) Private equity	(7) Infrastructure
(A) Quarterly or more often	(2) for the majority of our externally managed AUM	(2) for the majority of our externally managed AUM
(B) Every six months	(2) for the majority of our externally managed AUM	(2) for the majority of our externally managed AUM
(C) Annually	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM
(D) Less than once a year	(4) for none of our externally managed AUM	(4) for none of our externally managed AUM

- (E) On an ad hoc basis (e.g. whenever significant changes, incidents or ESGlinked events occur)
- (1) for all of our externally managed AUM
- (1) for all of our externally managed AUM

Engagement and escalation

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
SAM 22	CORE	OO 13	N/A	PUBLIC	Engagement and escalation	1

Which actions does your organisation, or the investment consultants acting on your behalf, include in its formal escalation process to address concerns raised during monitoring?

	(1) Listed equity (active)	(2) Listed equity (passive)	(3) Fixed income (active)	(4) Fixed income (passive)	(5) Private equity	(7) Infrastructure
(A) We notify the external manager about their placement on a watch list	Ø		Ø			
(B) We engage the external manager's board or investment committee						
(C) We reduce exposure with the external manager until any non-conformances have been rectified	Ø		Ø			
(D) We terminate the contract with the external manager if failings persist over a (notified) period of time and explain the reasons for the termination						
(E) Other, please specify					V	Ø

(F) Our organisation does not have a formal escalation process to address concerns raised by monitoring	Ø	Ø	
Please specify for "(E) Other" above.			
We do not make reinvestment.			

Listed Equity (LE)

Pre-investment phase

Materiality analysis

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
LE 1	CORE	OO 10	LE 1.1	PUBLIC	Materiality analysis	1

Does your organisation have a formal investment process to identify material ESG factors across listed equities?

	(1) Passive equity	(2) Active – quantitative	(3) Active – fundamental
(A) Yes, we have a formal process to identify material ESG factors for all of our assets	•	•	•
(B) Yes, we have a formal process to identify material ESG factors for the majority of our assets	0	0	0
(C) Yes, we have a formal process to identify material ESG factors for a minority of our assets	0	0	0
(D) No, we do not have a formal process. Our investment professionals identify material ESG factors at their own discretion	0	0	0

 $\begin{array}{c} {\rm (E)\ No,\ we\ do\ not\ have\ a\ formal}\\ {\rm process\ to\ identify\ material\ ESG}\\ {\rm factors} \end{array}$

0 0

0

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
LE 1.1	CORE	LE 1	N/A	PUBLIC	Materiality analysis	1

How does your current investment process incorporate material ESG factors?

	(1) Passive equity	(2) Active - Quantitative	(3) Active - Fundamental
(A) The investment process incorporates material governance factors		☑	☑
(B) The investment process incorporates material environmental and social factors		Ø	Ø
(C) The investment process incorporates material ESG factors beyond our organisation's typical investment time horizon		✓	Ø
(D) The investment process incorporates the effect of material ESG factors on revenues and business operations	Ø	✓	☑

Long-term ESG trend analysis

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
LE 2	CORE	OO 10	N/A	PUBLIC	Long-term ESG trend analysis	1

Do you continuously monitor a list of identified long-term ESG trends related to your listed equity assets?

	(1) Passive equity	$\begin{array}{c} \textbf{(2) Active} - \\ \textbf{quantitative} \end{array}$	(3) Active – fundamental
(A) We monitor long-term ESG trends for all assets	0	•	0
(B) We monitor long-term ESG trends for the majority of assets	0	0	•
(C) We monitor long-term ESG trends for a minority of assets	0	0	0
(D) We do not continuously monitor long-term ESG trends in our investment process	•	0	0

ESG incorporation

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
LE 3	CORE	OO 10	LE 3.1	PUBLIC	ESG incorporation	1

How does your financial modelling and equity valuation process incorporate material ESG risks?

	(1) Passive equity	(2) Active – quantitative	(3) Active – fundamental
(A) We incorporate governance- related risks into financial modelling and equity valuations		Ø	☑

	l and social risks l modelling and valuations			Ø		
environmental related to cor chains into fin	(C) We incorporate ronmental and social risks ted to companies' supply in sinto financial modelling and equity valuations			Ø		
(D) ESG risk is incorporated into financial modelling and equity valuations at the discretion of individual investment decision-makers, and we do not track this process						
risks into our fi	incorporate ESG inancial modelling by valuations	☑				
Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
LE 3.1	CORE	LE 3	N/A	PUBLIC	ESG incorporation	1
	on of cases do you inc		·		ESG incorporation r financial modelling an	
In what proportio	on of cases do you inc	orporate the follow	·	G risks into you		
In what proportio valuation process?	on of cases do you inc	orporate the follows (2) A	ing material ESC	G risks into you :ive		ad equity
In what proportio valuation process? (A) We incor	on of cases do you inc	(2) A clated risks into final valuations	ing material ESC	G risks into you	r financial modelling an	ad equity
In what proportio valuation process? (A) We incorporate the component of	on of cases do you ince? rporate governance-re	(2) Addited risks into final valuations Ind social risks into valuations I and social risks re	ing material ESC	Grisks into you tive and equity	r financial modelling an	cases
In what proportio valuation process? (A) We incorporate the component of	on of cases do you ince? rporate governance-reporate environmental acreporate environmental	(2) Addited risks into final valuations Indicated risks into final valuations and social risks into valuations I and social risks real modelling and equ	ing material ESC	Grisks into you live and equity and equity ies' supply	r financial modelling and (1) in all	cases

(B) We incorporate environmental and social risks into financial modelling and equity valuations	(1) in all cases	
(C) We incorporate environmental and social risks related to companies' supply chains into financial modelling and equity valuations	(1) in all cases	

Assessing ESG performance

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
LE 4	CORE	OO 10	LE 4.1	PUBLIC	Assessing ESG performance	1

What information do you incorporate when you assess the ESG performance of companies in your financial modelling and equity valuation process?

	(1) Passive equity	(2) Active – quantitative	(3) Active – fundamental
(A) We incorporate information on current performance across a range of ESG metrics		Ø	
(B) We incorporate information on historical performance across a range of ESG metrics		✓	☑
(C) We incorporate information enabling performance comparison within a selected peer group across a range of ESG metrics		Ø	
(D) We incorporate information on ESG metrics that may impact or influence future corporate revenues and/or profitability		✓	☑
(E) We do not incorporate ESG factors when assessing the ESG performance of companies in our financial modelling or equity valuation			

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
LE 4.1	CORE	${ m LE}~4$	N/A	PUBLIC	Assessing ESG performance	1

In what proportion of cases do you incorporate the following information when assessing the ESG performance of companies in your financial modelling and equity valuation process?

(2) Active – quantitative

(1) in all cases
(1) in all cases
(1) in all cases
(1) in all cases
(1) in all cases
(1) in all cases
(2) in the majority of cases
(1) in all cases

ESG incorporation in portfolio construction

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
LE 6	CORE	OO 10	LE 6.1	PUBLIC	ESG incorporation in portfolio construction	1

How do ESG factors influence your portfolio construction?

	(1) Passive equity	(2) Active – quantitative	(3) Active – fundamental
(A) The selection of individual assets within our portfolio is influenced by ESG factors			☑
(B) The holding period of individual assets within our portfolio is influenced by ESG factors		Ø	
(C) The portfolio weighting of individual assets within our portfolio or benchmark is influenced by ESG factors		Ø	
(D) The allocation of assets across multi-asset portfolios is influenced by ESG factors through the strategic asset allocation process			
(E) Other expressions of conviction (please specify below)	Ø		
(F) The portfolio construction or benchmark selection does not explicitly include the incorporation of ESG factors			

Please specify for "(E) Other expressions of conviction".

The passive equity fund is following Evli's responsible investment procedures, but as the fund follows the benchmark index it means that the ESG incorporation strategy is exclusion, while the benchmark selection does not include the incorporation of ESG factors.

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
LE 6.1	CORE	LE 6	N/A	PUBLIC	ESG incorporation in portfolio construction	1

In what proportion of cases did ESG factors influence your portfolio construction?

(1) Passive equity

(E) Other expressions of conviction	(1) in all cases
${\bf (2)\ Active-quantitative}$	
(A) The selection of individual assets within our portfolio is influenced by ESG factors	(1) in all cases
(B) The holding period of individual assets within our portfolio is influenced by ESG factors	(1) in all cases
(C) The portfolio weighting of individual assets within our portfolio or benchmark is influenced by ESG factors	(1) in all cases
${\bf (3) \ Active-fundamental}$	
(A) The selection of individual assets within our portfolio is influenced by ESG factors	(1) in all cases
(B) The holding period of individual assets within our portfolio is influenced by ESG factors	(1) in all cases
(C) The portfolio weighting of individual assets within our portfolio or benchmark is influenced by ESG factors	(3) in a minority of cases

ESG risk management

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
LE 8	CORE	OO 6.1 LE	N/A	PUBLIC	ESG risk management	1

What compliance processes do you have in place to ensure that your listed equity assets subject to negative exclusionary screens meet the screening criteria?

- \square (A) We have an independent committee that oversees the screening implementation process, but only for our ESG/sustainability labelled funds that are subject to negative exclusionary screening
- ☑ (B) We have an independent committee that oversees the screening implementation process for all of our listed equity assets that are subject to negative exclusionary screening
- \square (C) We have an independent committee that verifies that we have correctly implemented pre-trade checks in our internal systems to ensure no execution is possible without their pre-clearance
- ☑ (D) Other, please specify:
 - We have Responsible Investment Executive Group who decides the exclusion criteria and in our trade system have been integrated all the negative exclusion screens, screening criteria and separately excluded companies. The process is ongoing and supervised by the Monitoring unit and RI team.
- \square (E) We do not have compliance processes in place to ensure that we meet our stated negative exclusionary screens

Post-investment phase

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
LE 9	CORE	OO 10	N/A	PUBLIC	ESG risk management	1

Do your regular reviews incorporate ESG risks?

	(1) Passive equity	(2) Active – quantitative	(3) Active – fundamental
(A) Our regular reviews include quantitative information on material ESG risks specific to individual listed equities	Ø	Ø	Ø
(B) Our regular reviews include aggregated quantitative information on material ESG risks at a fund level	☑	Ø	Ø

(C) Our regular reviews only highlight fund holdings where ESG ratings have changed		
(D) We do not conduct regular reviews. Risk reviews of ESG factors are conducted at the discretion of the individual fund manager and vary in frequency		
(E) We do not conduct reviews		

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
LE 10	CORE	OO 10	N/A	PUBLIC	ESG risk management	1

Do you regularly identify and incorporate ESG incidents into the investment process for your listed equity assets?

(A) Yes, we have a formal process in place for regularly identifying and incorporating ■ ESG incidents into all of our investment decisions	
(B) Yes, we have a formal process in place for regularly identifying and incorporating o o SESG incidents into the majority of our investment decisions	
(C) Yes, we have a formal process in place for regularly identifying and incorporating o o o ESG incidents into a minority of our investment decisions	
(D) Yes, we have an ad hoc process in place for identifying o o and incorporating ESG incidents	
(E) Other o o	

(F) We currently do not have a process in place for regularly identifying and incorporating ESG incidents into our investment decision-making

0 0

Passive equity

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
LE 12	CORE	OO 10	N/A	PUBLIC	Passive equity	1

What percentage of your total passive listed equity assets utilise an ESG index or benchmark?

0.0%

Reporting/Disclosure

Sharing ESG information with stakeholders

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
LE 13	CORE	OO 6 LE	N/A	PUBLIC	Sharing ESG information with stakeholders	6

How do you ensure that clients and/or beneficiaries understand ESG screens and their implications?

	(1) for all of our listed equity assets subject to ESG screens	(2) for the majority of our listed equity assets subject to ESG screens	(3) for a minority of our listed equity assets subject to ESG screens	(4) for none of our assets subject to ESG screens
(A) We publish a list of ESG screens and share it on a publicly accessible platform such as a website or through fund documentation	•	0	0	0

(B) We publish any changes in ESG screens and share them on a publicly accessible platform such as a website or through fund documentation	•	0	0	0
(C) We outline any implications of ESG screens, such as deviation from a benchmark or impact on sector weightings, to clients and/or beneficiaries	0	0	•	0

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
LE 14	CORE	OO 10	N/A	PUBLIC	Sharing ESG information with stakeholders	6

(1) Passive equity

What ESG information is covered in your regular reporting to stakeholders such as clients or beneficiaries?

(A) Our regular stakeholder reporting includes qualitative examples of engagement 2) In the majority of our regular and/or ESG incorporation stakeholder reporting 4) In none of our stakeholder (B) Our regular stakeholder reporting includes quantitative ESG engagement data reporting 2) In the majority of our regular (C) Our regular stakeholder reporting includes quantitative ESG incorporation data stakeholder reporting (2) Active - quantitative (A) Our regular stakeholder reporting includes qualitative examples of engagement 1) In all of our regular and/or ESG incorporation stakeholder reporting 4) In none of our stakeholder (B) Our regular stakeholder reporting includes quantitative ESG engagement data reporting 2) In the majority of our regular (C) Our regular stakeholder reporting includes quantitative ESG incorporation data stakeholder reporting (3) Active - fundamental

(A) Our regular stakeholder reporting includes qualitative examples of engagement and/or ESG incorporation	1) In all of our regular stakeholder reporting
(B) Our regular stakeholder reporting includes quantitative ESG engagement data	3) In a minority of our stakeholder reporting
(C) Our regular stakeholder reporting includes quantitative ESG incorporation data	2) In the majority of our regular stakeholder reporting

Stewardship

Voting policy

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
LE 15	CORE	OO 9 LE	LE 15.1, LE 16	PUBLIC	Voting policy	2

Does your organisation have a publicly available (proxy) voting policy? (The policy may be a standalone policy, part of a stewardship policy or incorporated into a wider RI policy.)

- ♠ (A) Yes, we have a publicly available (proxy) voting policy Add link(s):
 https://pankki.evli.com/hubfs/Evli.com/Documents/Responsibility/EN/Evli%20Bank%20Engagement%20Policy%202020.pdf
- o (B) Yes, we have a (proxy) voting policy, but it is not publicly available
- o (C) No, we do not have a (proxy) voting policy

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
LE 15.1	CORE	OO 9 LE, LE 15	N/A	PUBLIC	Voting policy	2

What percentage of your listed equity assets does your (proxy) voting policy cover?

(A) Actively managed listed equity covered by our voting policy (3) 11–20%

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
LE 16	CORE	LE 15	N/A	PUBLIC	Voting policy	2

Does your organisation's policy on (proxy) voting cover specific ESG factors?

☑ (A) Our policy includes voting guidelines on specific governance factors Describe:

Evli's voting policy is included in our engagement policy which gives outlines to all our engagement work (including voting). Specific details and approach to E,S and G matters in defined in Evli's engagement policy, in our responsible investing principles and in our climate change principles.

☑ (B) Our policy includes voting guidelines on specific environmental factors Describe:

Evli's voting policy is included in our engagement policy which gives outlines to all our engagement work (including voting). Specific details and approach to E,S and G matters in defined in Evli's engagement policy, in our responsible investing principles and in our climate change principles.

(C) Our policy includes voting guidelines on specific social factors Describe:

Evli's voting policy is included in our engagement policy which gives outlines to all our engagement work (including voting). Specific details and approach to E,S and G matters in defined in Evli's engagement policy, in our responsible investing principles and in our climate change principles.

 \square (D) Our policy is high-level and does not cover specific ESG factors Describe:

Security lending policy

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
LE 18	CORE	OO 9 LE	LE 18.1, LE 18.2	PUBLIC	Security lending policy	2

Does your organisation have a public policy that states how voting is addressed in your securities lending programme? (The policy may be a standalone guideline or part of a wider RI or stewardship policy.)

- o (A) We have a public policy to address voting in our securities lending programme. Add link(s):
- (B) We have a policy to address voting in our securities lending programme, but it is not publicly available
- o (C) We rely on the policy of our service provider(s)
- o (D) We do not have a policy to address voting in our securities lending programme
- (E) Not applicable, we do not have a securities lending programme

Shareholder resolutions

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
LE 19	CORE	OO 9 LE	N/A	PUBLIC	Shareholder resolutions	2

Which of the following best describes your decision-making approach regarding shareholder resolutions, or that of your service provider(s) if decision-making is delegated to them?

- ♠ (A) In the majority of cases, we support resolutions that, if passed, are expected to advance progress on the underlying ESG factors or on our stewardship priorities
- o (B) In the majority of cases, we support resolutions that, if passed, are expected to advance progress on the underlying ESG factors but only if the investee company has not already committed publicly to the action requested in the proposal
- (C) In the majority of cases, we only support shareholder resolutions as an escalation tactic when other avenues for engagement with the investee company have not achieved sufficient progress
- o (D) In the majority of cases, we support the recommendations of investee company management by default
- o (E) In the majority of cases, we do not vote on shareholder resolutions

Pre-declaration of votes

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
LE 20	CORE	OO 9 LE	N/A	PUBLIC	Pre-declaration of votes	2

How did your organisation or your service provider(s) pre-declare votes prior to AGMs/EGMs?

- □ (A) We pre-declared our voting intentions publicly through the PRI's vote declaration system
- □ (B) We pre-declared our voting intentions publicly (e.g. through our own website) Link to public disclosure:
- \Box (C) We pre-declared our voting intentions publicly through the PRI's vote declaration system, including the rationale for our (proxy) voting decisions where we planned to vote against management proposals or abstain
- (D) We pre-declared our voting intentions publicly, including the rationale for our (proxy) voting decisions where we planned to vote against management proposals or abstain Link to public disclosure:
- ☑ (E) Prior to the AGM/EGM, we privately communicated our voting decision to investee companies in cases where we planned to vote against management proposals or abstain
- ☐ (F) We did not privately or publicly communicate our voting intentions
- □ (G) We did not cast any (proxy) votes during the reporting year

Voting disclosure post AGM/EGM

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
LE 21	CORE	OO 9 LE	LE 21.1	PUBLIC	Voting disclosure post AGM/EGM	2

Do you publicly report your (proxy) voting decisions, or those made on your behalf by your service provider(s), in a central source?

- - $https://pankki.evli.com/hubfs/Evli.com/Documents/Mutual_funds/Publications/EN/Evli%20Mutual%20Funds_Annual%20Review%2031.12.2020.pdf$
- (B) Yes, for the majority of (proxy) votes Link:
- \circ (C) Yes, for a minority of (proxy) votes 1) Add link and 2) Explain why you only publicly disclose a minority of (proxy) voting decisions:
- \circ (D) No, we do not publicly report our (proxy) voting decisions Explain why you do not publicly report your (proxy) voting decisions:

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
LE 21.1	CORE	LE 21	N/A	PUBLIC	Voting disclosure post AGM/EGM	2

In the majority of cases, how soon after an investee's AGM/EGM do you publish your voting decisions?

- o (A) Within one month of the AGM/EGM
- o (B) Within three months of the AGM/EGM
- (C) Within six months of the AGM/EGM
- \circ (D) Within one year of the AGM/EGM
- \circ (E) More than one year after the AGM/EGM

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
LE 22	CORE	OO 9 LE	LE 22.1	PUBLIC	Voting disclosure post AGM/EGM	2

Did your organisation and/or the service provider(s) acting on your behalf communicate the rationale for your voting decisions?

- \square (A) In cases where we voted against management recommendations or abstained, the rationale was provided privately to the company
- □ (B) In cases where we voted against management recommendations or abstained, the rationale was disclosed publicly
- (C) In cases where we voted against management recommendations or abstained, we did not communicate the rationale
- \Box (D) We did not vote against management or abstain

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
LE 23	CORE	OO 9 LE	LE 23.1	PUBLIC	Voting disclosure post AGM/EGM	2, 5

Did your organisation and/or the service provider(s) acting on your behalf communicate the rationale for your voting decisions when voting against a shareholder resolution proposed/filed by a PRI signatory?

- \square (A) In cases where we voted against a shareholder resolution proposed/filed by a PRI signatory, the rationale was disclosed publicly
- \square (B) In cases where we voted against a shareholder resolution proposed/filed by a PRI signatory, the rationale was not disclosed publicly
- \square (C) We did not vote against any shareholder resolution proposed/filed by a PRI signatory

Fixed Income (FI)

Pre-investment phase

Materiality analysis

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
FI 1	CORE	OO 10	FI 1.1	PUBLIC	Materiality analysis	1

Does your organisation have a formal investment process to identify material ESG factors for its fixed income assets?

	(1) SSA	(2) Corporate
(A) Yes, we have a formal process to identify material ESG factors for all of our assets	•	•
(B) Yes, we have a formal process to identify material ESG factors for the majority of our assets	0	O
(C) Yes, we have a formal process to identify material ESG factors for a minority of our assets	0	Ο
(D) No, we do not have a formal process. Our investment professionals identify material ESG factors at their own discretion	0	0
(E) No, we do not have a formal process to identify material ESG factors	0	0

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
FI 1.1	CORE	FI 1	N/A	PUBLIC	Materiality analysis	1

How does your current investment process incorporate material ESG factors?

	(1) SSA	(2) Corporate
(A) The investment process incorporates material governance factors	Z	
(B) The investment process incorporates material environmental and social factors	Ø	☑
(C) The investment process incorporates material ESG factors beyond our organisation's typical investment time horizon	Ø	
(D) The investment process incorporates the effect of material ESG factors on revenues and business operations	Ø	Ø

ESG risk management

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
FI 2	CORE	OO 10	FI 2.1	PUBLIC	ESG risk management	1

How are material ESG factors incorporated into your portfolio risk management process?

	(1) SSA	(2) Corporate
(A) Investment committee members, or the equivalent function/group, have a qualitative ESG veto	Ø	Z

(C) Overall exposure to specific ESG factors is measured for our portfolio construction, and sizing or hedging adjustments are made depending on individual issuers' sensitivity to these factors (D) Other method of incorporating ESG factors into risk management process, please specify below: □ (E) We do not have a process to incorporate ESG factors into our portfolio risk management	(B) Companies, sectors, countries and currency are monitored for changes in ESG exposure and for breaches of risk limits		
incorporating ESG factors into risk management process, please specify below: (E) We do not have a process to incorporate ESG factors into our	ESG factors is measured for our portfolio construction, and sizing or hedging adjustments are made depending on individual issuers' sensitivity to these	☑	✓
incorporate ESG factors into our $\hfill\Box$	incorporating ESG factors into risk management process, please	☑	☑
	incorporate ESG factors into our		

Please specify for "(D) Other method of incorporating ESG factors into risk management process".

Addition to the monitoring of the ESG factors all the negative exclusion screens, screening criteria and separately excluded companies are integrated into our trade system. The process is ongoing and supervised by the Monitoring unit and Responsible Investment team.

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
FI 2.1	CORE	FI 2	N/A	PUBLIC	ESG risk management	1

For what proportion of your fixed income assets are material ESG factors incorporated into your portfolio risk management process?

(1) SSA (A) Investment committee members, or the equivalent function/group, have a

- (1) for all of our assets
- (B) Companies, sectors, countries and currency are monitored for changes in ESG exposure and for breaches of risk limits

qualitative ESG veto

- (1) for all of our assets
- (C) Overall exposure to specific ESG factors is measured for our portfolio construction, and sizing or hedging adjustments are made depending on individual issuers' sensitivity to these factors
- (2) for the majority of our assets

(D) Other method of incorporating ESG factors into risk management process	(1) for all of our assets
(2) Corporate	
(A) Investment committee members, or the equivalent function/group, have a qualitative ESG veto	(1) for all of our assets
(B) Companies, sectors, countries and currency are monitored for changes in ESG exposure and for breaches of risk limits	(1) for all of our assets
(C) Overall exposure to specific ESG factors is measured for our portfolio construction, and sizing or hedging adjustments are made depending on individual issuers' sensitivity to these factors	(1) for all of our assets
(D) Other method of incorporating ESG factors into risk management process	(2) for the majority of our assets

ESG incorporation in asset valuation

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
FI 3	CORE	OO 10	FI 3.1	PUBLIC	ESG incorporation in asset valuation	1

How do you incorporate the evolution of ESG factors into your fixed income asset valuation process?

	(1) SSA	(2) Corporate
(A) We incorporate it into the forecast of cash flow, revenues and profitability	 ✓	☑
(B) We anticipate how the evolution of ESG factors may change the ESG profile of the debt issuer	 ✓	Ø
(C) We do not incorporate the evolution of ESG factors into our fixed income asset valuation process		

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
FI 3.1	CORE	FI 3	N/A	PUBLIC	ESG incorporation in asset valuation	1

In what proportion of cases do you incorporate the evolution of ESG factors into your fixed income asset valuation process?

(1) SSA

(A) We incorporate it into the forecast of cash flow, revenues and profitability	(2) in the majority of cases
(B) We anticipate how the evolution of ESG factors may change the ESG profile of the debt issuer	(2) in the majority of cases
(2) Corporate	
(A) We incorporate it into the forecast of cash flow, revenues and profitability	(1) in all cases
(B) We anticipate how the evolution of ESG factors may change the ESG profile of the debt issuer	(1) in all cases

ESG incorporation in portfolio construction

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
FI 5	CORE	OO 10	FI 5.1	PUBLIC	ESG incorporation in portfolio construction	1

How do ESG factors influence your portfolio construction?

	(1) SSA	(2) Corporate
(A) The selection of individual assets within our portfolio is influenced by ESG factors	☑	

individua	holding period of l assets within our influenced by ESG factors		Ø			
individua portfolio	ortfolio weighting of l assets within our or benchmark is ed by ESG factors				☑	
across mul influence through	allocation of assets ti-asset portfolios is d by ESG factors the strategic asset cation process					
	er expressions of please specify below:					
benchmarl explici	rtfolio construction of a selection does not titly include the tion of ESG factors	r				
Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
FI 5.1	CORE	FI 5	N/A	PUBLIC	ESG incorporation in portfolio construction	1
In what propo	rtion of cases do ESC	G factors influe	nce your port	folio construct	ion?	
			(1)	SSA		

(2) Corporate

(A) The selection of individual assets within our portfolio is influenced by ESG

factors

(B) The holding period of individual assets within our portfolio is influenced by ESG

 ${\rm factors}$

1	20	١
T	۷,	,

(1) in all cases

(1) in all cases

(A) The selection of individual assets within our portfolio is influenced by ESG factors	(1) in all cases
(B) The holding period of individual assets within our portfolio is influenced by ESG factors	(1) in all cases
(C) The portfolio weighting of individual assets within our portfolio or benchmark is influenced by ESG factors	(1) in all cases

ESG incorporation in assessment of issuers

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
FI 7	CORE	OO 10	N/A	PUBLIC	ESG incorporation in assessment of issuers	1

When assessing issuers'/borrowers' credit quality, how does your organisation incorporate material ESG risks in the majority of cases?

	(1) SSA	(2) Corporate
(A) In the majority of cases, we incorporate material governance-related risks	Ο	0
(B) In addition to incorporating governance-related risks, in the majority of cases we also incorporate material environmental and social risks	•	•
(C) We do not incorporate material ESG risks for the majority of our credit quality assessments of issuers/borrowers	0	0

ESG performance

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
FI 8	CORE	OO 10	N/A	PUBLIC	ESG performance	1

In the majority of cases, how do you assess the relative ESG performance of a borrower within a peer group as part of your investment process?

	(1) SSA	(2) Corporate
(A) We use the relative ESG performance of a borrower to adjust the internal credit assessments of borrowers by modifying forecasted financials and future cash flow estimates		☑
(B) We use the relative ESG performance of a borrower to make relative sizing decisions in portfolio construction		☑
(C) We use the relative ESG performance of a borrower to screen for outliers when comparing credit spreads to ESG relative performance within a similar peer group		☑
(D) We consider the ESG performance of a borrower only on a standalone basis and do not compare it within peer groups of other benchmarks	☑	
(E) We do not have an internal ESG performance assessment methodology		

ESG risk management

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
FI 9	CORE	OO 10	FI 9.1	PUBLIC	ESG risk management	1

For your corporate fixed income, does your organisation have a framework that differentiates ESG risks by issuer country and sector?

- (A) Yes, it differentiates ESG risks by country/region (for example, local governance and labour practices)
- ☑ (B) Yes, it differentiates ESG risks by sector
- □ (C) No, we do not have a framework that differentiates ESG risks by issuer country/region and sector

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
FI 9.1	CORE	FI 9	N/A	PUBLIC	ESG risk management	1

For what proportion of your corporate fixed income assets do you apply your framework for differentiating ESG risks by issuer country/sector?

	(1) for all of our corporate fixed income assets	(2) for the majority of our corporate fixed income assets	(3) for a minority of our corporate fixed income assets
(A) We differentiate ESG risks by country/region (for example, local governance and labour practices)	0	0	
(B) We differentiate ESG risks by sector	•	0	0

Post-investment phase

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
FI 12	CORE	OO 10	N/A	PUBLIC	ESG risk management	1

Do your regular reviews incorporate ESG risks?

	(1) SSA	(2) Corporate
(A) Our regular reviews include quantitative information on material ESG risks specific to individual fixed income assets	Ø	
(B) Our regular reviews include aggregated quantitative information on material ESG risks at a fund level		
(C) Our regular reviews only highlight fund holdings where ESG ratings have changed		
(D) We do not conduct regular reviews. Risk reviews of ESG factors are conducted at the discretion of the individual fund manager and vary in frequency		
(E) We do not conduct reviews that incorporate ESG risks		

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
FI 13	CORE	OO 10	N/A	PUBLIC	ESG risk management	1

Do you regularly identify and incorporate ESG incidents into the investment process for your fixed income assets?

	(1) SSA	(2) Corporate
(A) Yes, we have a formal process in place for regularly identifying and incorporating ESG incidents into all of our investment decisions	•	•
(B) Yes, we have a formal process in place for regularly identifying and incorporating ESG incidents into the majority of our investment decisions	0	0
(C) Yes, we have a formal process in place for regularly identifying and incorporating ESG incidents into a minority of our investment decisions	0	0
(D) Yes, we have an ad hoc process in place for identifying and incorporating ESG incidents	o	0
(E) We do not have a process in place for regularly identifying and incorporating ESG incidents into our investment decision- making	0	0

Time horizons

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
FI 14	CORE	OO 10	N/A	PUBLIC	Time horizons	1

In the majority of cases, how does your investment process account for differing time horizons of holdings and how they may affect ESG factors?

	(1) SSA	(2) Corporate
(A) We take into account current risks		☑
(B) We take into account medium-term risks		
(C) We take into account long- term risks		
(D) We do not take into account differing time horizons of holdings and how they may affect ESG factors		

Long-term ESG trend analysis

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
FI 15	CORE	OO 10	N/A	PUBLIC	Long-term ESG trend analysis	1

Do you continuously monitor a list of identified long-term ESG trends related to your fixed income assets?

	(1) SSA	(2) Corporate
(A) We monitor long-term ESG trends for all of our assets	•	•

(B) We monitor long-term ESG trends for the majority of our assets	0	0
(C) We monitor long-term ESG trends for a minority of our assets	0	0
(D) We do not continuously monitor long-term ESG trends in our investment process	0	0

Thematic bonds

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
FI 19	CORE	OO 6 FI	N/A	PUBLIC	Thematic bonds	1

How do you determine which non-labelled thematic bonds to invest in?

- ☑ (A) By reviewing the bond's use of proceeds
- ☑ (B) By reviewing companies' ESG targets
- ☑ (C) By reviewing companies' progress towards achieving ESG targets
- □ (D) We do not invest in non-labelled thematic bonds

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
FI 20	CORE	OO 6 FI	N/A	PUBLIC	Thematic bonds	1, 2, 6

What action do you take in the majority of cases where proceeds of a thematic bond issuer are not allocated to the original plan?

- \square (A) We engage with the issuer
- \square (B) We alert regulators
- \square (C) We alert the matic bond certification agencies
- (D) We sell the security
- \square (E) We publicly disclose the breach
- ☑ (F) We blacklist the issuer
- ☑ (G) Other action, please specify:
- Decide whether to sell the security (D) and/or blacklist the issuer (F) depending on discussions in part A
- \square (H) We do not take any specific actions when proceeds from bond issuers are not allocated in accordance with the original plan

Reporting/Disclosure

ESG screens

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
FI 21	CORE	OO 6 FI	N/A	PUBLIC	ESG screens	6

How do you ensure that clients and/or beneficiaries understand ESG screens and their implications?

- (A) We publish a list of ESG screens and share it on a publicly accessible platform such as a website or through fund documentation Voluntary URL link(s) to list of ESG screens:
 - $https://pankki.evli.com/hubfs/Evli.com/Documents/Mutual_funds/Publications/EN/Fund-Prospectus.pdf$
- (1) for all of our fixed income assets subject to ESG screens
- (B) We publish any changes in ESG screens and share it on a publicly accessible platform such as a website or through fund documentation Voluntary URL link(s) to ESG screen changes:
- (1) for all of our fixed income assets subject to ESG screens
- (C) We outline any implications of ESG screens, such as deviation from a benchmark or impact on sector weightings, to clients and/or beneficiaries
- (1) for all of our fixed income assets subject to ESG screens

Engagement

Engaging with issuers/borrowers

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
FI 22	CORE	OO 9 FI	FI 22.1	PUBLIC	Engaging with issuers/borrowers	2

At which stages does your organisation engage with issuers/borrowers?

	(2) Corporate	
(A) At the pre-issuance/pre-deal stage		

(B) At the pre-investment stage	
(C) During the holding period	
(D) At the refinancing stage	
(E) When issuers/borrowers default	Ø

Private Equity (PE)

Policy

Investment guidelines

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
PE 1	CORE	N/A	N/A	PUBLIC	Investment guidelines	1 to 6

What private equity-specific ESG guidelines are currently covered in your organisation's responsible investment policies?

- ☑ (A) Guidelines on how we adapt our ESG approach for the different sectors and geographies we invest in
- ☑ (B) Guidelines on how we adapt our ESG approach for the different strategies and company stages we invest in (e.g. venture capital, buy-out, distressed etc.)
- ☑ (C) Guidelines on screening investments
- ☑ (D) Guidelines on minimum ESG due diligence requirements
- ☑ (E) Guidelines on our approach to ESG integration into 100-day plans (or equivalent) and long-term value creation efforts
- ☑ (F) Guidelines on our approach to monitoring ESG risks, opportunities and incidents
- ☑ (G) Guidelines on our approach to ESG reporting
- (H) Identification of individuals or a group with ultimate responsibility for ESG
- \square (I) Our policies do not cover private equity–specific ESG guidelines

Fundraising

Commitments to investors

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
PE 2	CORE	N/A	N/A	PUBLIC	Commitments to investors	1, 4

For all of your funds that you closed during the reporting year, what type of formal responsible investment commitments did you make in Limited Partnership Agreements (LPAs) or side letters? (If you did not close any funds during this reporting year, refer to the last reporting year in which you did close funds.)

- (A) We incorporated responsible investment commitments in LPAs as a standard, default procedure
- \square (B) We added responsible investment commitments in LPAs upon client request
- \square (C) We added responsible investment commitments in side letters upon client request
- □ (D) We did not make any formal responsible investment commitments for the relevant reporting year
- \square (E) Not applicable as we have never raised funds
- \square (F) Not applicable as we have not raised funds in the last 5 years

Pre-investment phase

Materiality analysis

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
PE 3	CORE	N/A	PE 3.1	PUBLIC	Materiality analysis	1

During the reporting year, how did you conduct ESG materiality analysis for your potential private equity investments?

(A) We assessed materiality at the portfolio company level, as each case is unique	(1) for all of our potential private equity investments
(B) We performed a mix of industry-level and portfolio company–level materiality analysis	(4) for none of our potential private equity investments
(C) We assessed materiality at the industry level only	(4) for none of our potential private equity investments

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
PE 3.1	CORE	PE 3	N/A	PUBLIC	Materiality analysis	1

During the reporting year, what tools, standards and data did you use in your ESG materiality analysis of potential private equity investments?

- \square (A) We used GRI Standards to inform our private equity materiality analysis
- ☑ (B) We used SASB to inform our private equity materiality analysis
- \Box (C) We used environmental and social factors detailed in the IFC Performance Standards (or other similar standards) in our private equity materiality analysis
- \Box (D) We used climate risk disclosures such as the TCFD recommendations (or other climate risk analysis tools) to inform our private equity materiality analysis
- \square (E) We used geopolitical and macro-economic considerations in our private equity materiality analysis
- \square (F) Other, please specify:

MSCI

Due diligence

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
PE 4	CORE	N/A	N/A	PUBLIC	Due diligence	1

During the reporting year, how did ESG factors affect the selection of your private equity investments?

(A) ESG factors helped identify risks	(1) for all of our private equity investments selected		
(B) ESG factors were discussed by the investment committee (or equivalent)	(1) for all of our private equity investments selected		
(C) ESG factors helped identify remedial actions for our 100-day plans (or equivalent)	(1) for all of our private equity investments selected		
(D) ESG factors helped identify opportunities for value creation	(1) for all of our private equity investments selected		
(E) ESG factors led to the abandonment of potential investments	(1) for all of our private equity investments selected		
(F) ESG factors impacted investments in terms of price offered and/or paid by having an effect on revenue assumptions	(1) for all of our private equity investments selected		

(G) ESG factors impacted investments in terms of price offered and/or paid by having an effect on CAPEX assumptions	(4) for none of our private equity investments selected
(H) ESG factors impacted investments in terms of price offered and/or paid by having an effect on OPEX assumptions	(2) for the majority of our private equity investments selected
(I) ESG factors impacted investments in terms of price offered and/or paid by having an effect on the cost of capital or discount rate assumptions	(4) for none of our private equity investments selected
(J) Other, please specify: ${\rm N/A}$	(4) for none of our private equity investments selected

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
PE 5	CORE	N/A	N/A	PUBLIC	Due diligence	1

Once material ESG factors have been identified, what processes do you use to conduct due diligence on these factors for potential investments?

(1) for all of our potential private equity investments
(1) for all of our potential private equity investments
(1) for all of our potential private equity investments
(1) for all of our potential private equity investments
(1) for all of our potential private equity investments
(1) for all of our potential private equity investments

(G) Our investment committee (or an equivalent decision-making body) is ultimately responsible for ensuring all ESG due diligence is completed in the same manner as for other key due diligence (e.g. commercial, accounting and legal)

(H) Other, please specify:

(A) for none of our potential private equity investments

Post-investment phase

Monitoring

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
PE 6	CORE	N/A	PE 6.1	PUBLIC	Monitoring	1

During the reporting year, did you track one or more core ESG KPIs across all your private equity investments?

- ☑ (A) Yes, we tracked environmental KPIs
- ☑ (B) Yes, we tracked social KPIs
- ☑ (C) Yes, we tracked governance KPIs
- \square (D) We did not track ESG KPIs across our private equity investments

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
PE 6.1	PLUS	PE 6	N/A	PUBLIC	Monitoring	1

Provide examples of the core ESG KPIs you tracked across all of your private equity investments.

/	(A) ESG KPI #1 Reducing carbon footprint (by x amount)
√	(B) ESG KPI $\#2$ Increasing recycling and use of recycled materials (by x amount)
√	(C) ESG KPI #3 Cutting back on resource consumption (by x amount)
	(D) ESG KPI #4
	(E) ESG KPI #5
	(F) ESG KPI #6
	(G) ESG KPI #7
П	(H) ESG KPI #8

(I) ESG KPI #9
(J) ESG KPI $\#10$

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
PE 7	CORE	N/A	N/A	PUBLIC	Monitoring	1

For the majority of the core KPIs that you tracked, how did you set targets across your private equity investments?

- (A) We set targets to achieve incremental improvements based on past performance
- \square (B) We set targets using industry benchmarks/standards
- (C) We set targets against global benchmarks or thresholds (e.g. on climate change and/or the SDGs)
- \square (D) We did not set targets for the core ESG KPIs that we tracked
- \square (E) We did not set targets as we don't track core ESG KPIs

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
PE 8	CORE	N/A	PE 8.1	PUBLIC	Monitoring	1,2

What processes do you have in place to support meeting your ESG targets for your private equity investments?

(A) We use operational-level benchmarks to assess and analyse the performance of portfolio companies against sector performance	(1) for all of our private equity investments		
(B) We implement international best practice standards such as the IFC Performance Standards to guide ongoing assessment and analysis	(1) for all of our private equity investments		
(C) We implement certified environmental management systems across our portfolio	(4) for none of our private equity investments		
(D) We make sufficient budget available to ensure that the systems and procedures needed to achieve the target are put in place	(1) for all of our private equity investments		
(E) We hire external verification services to audit performance, systems and procedures	(4) for none of our private equity investments		
(F) We develop minimum health and safety standards	(1) for all of our private equity investments		
(G) We conduct ongoing engagement with all key stakeholders at the portfolio company level (e.g. local communities, NGOs, governments and end-users)	(3) for a minority of our private equity investments		

(H) Other, please specify:

N/A

(4) for none of our private equity investments

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
PE 8.1	PLUS	PE 8	N/A	PUBLIC	Monitoring	1,2

Describe up to two processes that you put in place during the reporting year to support meeting your ESG targets.

Processes to support meeting ESG targets

(A) Process 1	Starting carbon footprint evaluations
(B) Process 2	Ongoing 1-1 dialogue and status checks with portfolio companies

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
PE 9	PLUS	N/A	N/A	PUBLIC	Monitoring	1, 2

Describe ESG risks and opportunities that you integrate into your 100-day plans, including who is accountable for their successful completion and how the process is monitored.

We integrate ESG as a key part of our Value Creation Plans for our portfolio companies. In both the 100 and 1000-day plans key ESG focus areas are identified and KPIs set. The implementation of the plan and its monitoring is conducted on the Board of Directors level, where we normally act as Chairman or member of the Board.

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
PE 10	CORE	N/A	N/A	PUBLIC	Monitoring	1, 2

Post-investment, how do you manage material ESG-related risks and opportunities to create value during the holding period of your investments?

- (A) We develop company-specific ESG action plans based on pre-investment research, due diligence and materiality findings
- (1) for all of our private equity investments

(B) We adjust of	our ESG action plans regularly based on performance monitoring findings	(1) for all of our private equity investments
(C) We hire exte	ernal advisors to provide support with specific ESG value creation opportunities	(1) for all of our private equity investments
l	(D) Other, please specify: $\label{eq:nable} N/A$	(4) for none of our private equity investments

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
PE 11	PLUS	N/A	N/A	PUBLIC	Monitoring	2

Describe how your long-term ESG action plans are currently defined, implemented and monitored.

ESG action plans are defined in form of an ESG Policy that we support our portfolio companies in creating, as well as a Value Creation Plan (100 & 1000 days plan), which is a broader strategy / growth plan including ESG. Both plans are created together with the founders / management team and monitored on Board level.

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
PE 12	CORE	N/A	PE 12.1	PUBLIC	Monitoring	1, 2

How do you ensure that adequate ESG-related competence exists at the portfolio company level?

(A) We assign the board responsibility for ESG matters	(1) for all of our private equity investments
(B) We mandate that material ESG matters are discussed by the board at least once a year	(1) for all of our private equity investments
(C) We provide training on ESG aspects and management best practices relevant to the portfolio company to C-suite executives only	(1) for all of our private equity investments
(D) We provide training on ESG aspects and management best practices relevant to the portfolio company to employees (excl. C-suite executives)	(1) for all of our private equity investments
(E) We support the portfolio company in developing and implementing its ESG strategy	(1) for all of our private equity investments

(F) We support portfolio companies by finding external ESG expertise (e.g. consultants or auditors)	(1) for all of our private equity investments		
(G) We share best practices across portfolio companies (e.g. educational sessions or implementation of environmental and social management systems)	(1) for all of our private equity investments		
(H) We include incentives to improve ESG performance in management remuneration schemes	(4) for none of our private equity investments		
(I) Other, please specify: ${\rm N/A}$	(4) for none of our private equity investments		

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
PE 12.1	PLUS	PE 12	N/A	PUBLIC	Monitoring	1, 2

Describe up to two initiatives taken as part of your ESG competence-building efforts during the reporting year.

ESG competence-building initiatives

(A) Initiative 1	We support our portfolio companies through external advice (e.g. by our own sustainability lead, our industrial advisors or external consultants).
(B) Initiative 2	We share best practices across our portfolio through biannual workshops for all founders $/$ management team members.

Exit

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
PE 13	CORE	N/A	N/A	PUBLIC	Exit	4, 6

During the reporting year, what responsible investment information has your organisation shared with potential buyers of private equity investments?

(A) We shared our firm's high-level commitment to responsible investment (e.g. that we are a PRI signatory)	(1) for all of our private equity investments
(B) We shared a description of what industry and asset class standards our firm aligns with (e.g. TCFD or GRESB)	(1) for all of our private equity investments
(C) We shared our firm's responsible investment policy (at minimum, a summary of key aspects and firm-specific approach)	(1) for all of our private equity investments
(D) We shared our firm's ESG risk assessment methodology (topics covered, in-house and/or with external support)	(1) for all of our private equity investments
(E) We shared the outcome of our latest ESG risk assessment on the asset or portfolio company	(1) for all of our private equity investments
(F) We shared key ESG performance data on the asset or portfolio company being sold	(1) for all of our private equity investments
(G) Other, please specify:	(4) for none of our private
N/A	equity investments

Reporting/Disclosure

ESG portfolio information

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
PE 14	CORE	N/A	N/A	PUBLIC	ESG portfolio information	6

During the reporting year, how did you report on core ESG data and targets to your investors or beneficiaries?

- ☑ (A) We reported in aggregate through a publicly disclosed sustainability report
- \square (B) We reported in aggregate through formal reporting to investors or beneficiaries
- ☑ (C) We reported on the portfolio company level through formal reporting to investors or beneficiaries
- \square (D) We reported through a limited partners advisory committee
- ☑ (E) We reported back at digital or physical events or meetings with investors or beneficiaries
- ☑ (F) We did ad hoc or informal reporting on serious ESG incidents
- \square (G) Other, please specify:
- Part of quarterly investor reporting
- \square (H) We did not report on core ESG data and targets to our investors or beneficiaries during the reporting year

Real Estate (RE)

Policy

Investment guidelines

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
RE 1	CORE	OO 24, OO 26	N/A	PUBLIC	Investment guidelines	1 to 6

What real estate-specific ESG guidelines are currently covered in your organisation's responsible investment policies?

- □ (A) Guidelines on our ESG approach to real estate depending on use (e.g. retail, education etc.)
- ☑ (B) Guidelines on our ESG approach to new construction
- (D) Guidelines on our ESG approach to standing real estate investments
- ☑ (F) Guidelines on our engagement approach related to tenants
- (G) Guidelines on our engagement approach related to construction contractors
- □ (H) Guidelines on excluding certain tenants based on responsible investment considerations
- □ (I) Our policies do not cover real estate-specific ESG guidelines

Fundraising

Commitments to investors

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
RE 2	CORE	N/A	N/A	PUBLIC	Commitments to investors	1, 4

For all of your funds that you closed during the reporting year, what type of formal responsible investment commitments did you make in Limited Partnership Agreements (LPAs) or side letters? (If you did not close any funds during this reporting year, refer to the last reporting year in which you did close funds.)

- ☑ (A) We incorporated responsible investment commitments in LPAs as a standard, default procedure
- □ (B) We added responsible investment commitments in LPAs upon client request
- \square (C) We added responsible investment commitments in side letters upon client request
- □ (D) We did not make any formal responsible investment commitments for the relevant reporting year
- ☐ (E) Not applicable as we have never raised funds
- \square (F) Not applicable as we have not raised funds in the last 5 years

Pre-investment phase

Materiality analysis

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
RE 3	CORE	N/A	RE 3.1	PUBLIC	Materiality analysis	1

During the reporting year, how did you conduct ESG materiality analysis for your potential real estate investments?

(A) We assessed materiality at the asset level, as each case is unique	(1) for all of our potential real estate investments
(B) We performed a mix of property type and asset-level materiality analysis	(4) for none of our potential real estate investments
(C) We assessed materiality according to property type only	(4) for none of our potential real estate investments

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
RE 3.1	CORE	RE 3	N/A	PUBLIC	Materiality analysis	1

During the reporting year, what tools, standards and data did you use in your ESG materiality analysis of potential real estate investments?

- \square (A) We used GRI Standards to inform our real estate materiality analysis
- □ (B) We used SASB to inform our real estate materiality analysis
- \square (C) We used climate risk disclosures such as the TCFD recommendations (or other climate risk analysis tools) to inform our real estate materiality analysis
- (D) We used geopolitical and macro-economic considerations in our real estate materiality analysis
- \square (E) Other, please specify:

In addition to our own reviews (where we specify what is important specifically for the property in question) we rely on our DD providers standard checklists on identifying what is material.

Due diligence

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
RE 4	CORE	N/A	N/A	PUBLIC	Due diligence	1

During the reporting year, how did ESG factors affect the selection of your real estate investments?

(A) ESG factors helped identify risks	(2) for the majority of our potential real estate investments
(B) ESG factors were discussed by the investment committee (or equivalent)	(2) for the majority of our potential real estate investments
(C) ESG factors helped identify remedial actions for our 100-day plans (or equivalent)	(4) for none of our potential real estate investments
(D) ESG factors helped identify opportunities for value creation	(2) for the majority of our potential real estate investments
(E) ESG factors led to the abandonment of potential investments	(2) for the majority of our potential real estate investments
(F) ESG factors impacted investments in terms of price offered and/or paid by having an effect on revenue assumptions	(4) for none of our potential real estate investments
(G) ESG factors impacted investments in terms of price offered and/or paid by having an effect on CAPEX assumptions	(1) for all of our potential real estate investments
(H) ESG factors impacted investments in terms of price offered and/or paid by having an effect on OPEX assumptions	(1) for all of our potential real estate investments
(I) ESG factors impacted investments in terms of price offered and/or paid by having an effect on the cost of capital or discount rate assumptions	(4) for none of our potential real estate investments
(J) Other, please specify:	(4) for none of our potential real
N/A	estate investments

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
RE 5	CORE	N/A	N/A	PUBLIC	Due diligence	1

Once material ESG factors have been identified, what processes do you use to conduct due diligence on these factors for potential investments?

(A) We do a high-level/desktop review against an ESG checklist for initial red flags	(1) for all of our potential real estate investments
(B) We send detailed ESG questionnaires to target properties	(2) for the majority of our potential real estate investments
(C) We hire third-party consultants to do technical due diligence on specific issues	(2) for the majority of our potential real estate investments
(D) We conduct site visits and in-depth interviews with management and personnel	(1) for all of our potential real estate investments
(E) We incorporate actions based on the risks and opportunities identified in the due diligence process into our post-investment plans	(1) for all of our potential real estate investments
(F) We incorporate ESG due diligence findings in all of our relevant investment process documentation in the same manner as for other key due diligence (e.g. commercial, accounting and legal)	(2) for the majority of our potential real estate investments
(G) Our investment committee (or an equivalent decision-making body) is ultimately responsible for ensuring all ESG due diligence is completed in the same manner as for other key due diligence (e.g. commercial, accounting and legal)	(1) for all of our potential real estate investments
(H) Other, please specify:	(4) for none of our potential real
N/A	estate investments

Construction and development

Construction requirements

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
RE 9	CORE	OO 24	N/A	PUBLIC	Construction requirements	1

What sustainability requirements do you currently have in place for all development projects and major renovations?

- (A) We require the management of waste by diverting construction and demolition materials from disposal
- ☑ (B) We require the management of waste by diverting reusable vegetation, rocks and soil from disposal
- (C) We require the minimisation of light pollution to the surrounding community
- (D) We require the minimisation of noise pollution to the surrounding community
- ☑ (E) We require the performance of an environmental site assessment
- (F) We require the protection of the air quality during construction
- ☑ (G) We require the protection and restoration of the habitat and soils disturbed during construction and/or during previous development
- \square (H) We require the protection of surface and ground water and aquatic ecosystems by controlling and retaining construction pollutants
- (I) We require the constant monitoring of health and safety at the construction site
- \square (J) Other, please specify:
- □ (K) We do not have sustainability requirements in place for development projects and major renovations

Minimum building requirements

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
RE 10	CORE	OO 24	N/A	PUBLIC	Minimum building requirements	1

What minimum building requirements do you have in place for development projects and major renovations?

(A) We require the implementation of the latest available metering and IoT technology	(3) for a minority of our development projects and major renovations	
(B) We require that the building be able to obtain a recognised green building certification for new buildings	(4) for none of our development projects and major renovations	

(C) We require the use of certified (or labelled) sustainable building materials	(4) for none of our development projects and major renovations
(D) We require the installation of renewable energy technologies where feasible	(1) for all development projects and major renovations
(E) We require that development projects and major renovations become net-zero carbon emitters within five years of completion of the construction	(4) for none of our development projects and major renovations
(F) We require water conservation measures	(4) for none of our development projects and major renovations
(G) We require common occupant health and well-being measures	(1) for all development projects and major renovations
(H) Other, please specify: ${\rm N}/{\rm A}$	(4) for none of our development projects and major renovations

Post-investment phase

Monitoring

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
RE 11	CORE	N/A	N/A	PUBLIC	Monitoring	1

During the reporting year, what ESG building performance data did you collect for your real estate assets?

Through metering

(A) Electricity consumption	(1) for all of our real estate assets
(B) Water consumption	(1) for all of our real estate assets
(C) Waste production	(4) for none of our real estate assets
Through another method	d

(A) Electricity consumption	(4) for none of our real estate assets
(B) Water consumption	(4) for none of our real estate assets
(C) Waste production	(1) for all of our real estate assets

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
RE 12	CORE	N/A	N/A	PUBLIC	Monitoring	1

For the majority of the core KPIs that you tracked, how did you set targets across your real estate investments?

- (A) We set targets to achieve incremental improvements based on past performance
- □ (B) We set targets using industry benchmarks/standards
- ☑ (C) We set targets against global benchmarks or thresholds (e.g. on climate change and/or the SDGs)
- \Box (D) We did not set targets for the core ESG KPIs that we tracked
- \square (E) We did not set targets as we don't track core ESG KPIs

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
RE 13	CORE	OO 26	RE 13.1	PUBLIC	Monitoring	1, 2

What processes do you have in place to support meeting your ESG targets for your real estate investments?

(A) We use operational-level benchmarks to assess and analyse the performance of assets against sector performance	(4) for none of our real estate investments
(B) We implement certified environmental and social management systems across our portfolio	(4) for none of our real estate investments
(C) We make sufficient budget available to ensure that the systems and procedures needed to achieve the target are put in place	(2) for the majority of our real estate investments
(D) We hire external verification services to audit performance, systems and procedures	(4) for none of our real estate investments
(F) We develop minimum health and safety standards	(2) for the majority of our real estate investments

(G) Other, please specify:

We collaborate and engage with our external property managers (we still have operational control) to develop action plans to achieve targets.

(2) for the majority of our real estate investments

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
RE 14	CORE	N/A	N/A	PUBLIC	Monitoring	1, 2

Post-investment, how do you manage material ESG-related risks and opportunities to create value during the holding period of your investments?

- (A) We develop property-specific ESG action plans based on pre-investment research, due diligence and materiality findings
- (3) for a minority of our real estate investments
- (B) We adjust our ESG action plans regularly based on performance monitoring findings
- (3) for a minority of our real estate investments
- (C) We hire external advisors to provide support with specific ESG value creation opportunities $\,$
- (3) for a minority of our real estate investments

(D) Other, please specify:

Since we integrate ESG we do not establish separate ESG action plans,but we do develop property specific action plans based on pre-investment research, due diligence and materiality findings. These midd and long term asset development plans include ESG aspects amongst purely technical or lifecycle related renewals and repair plans. We adjust these action plans requiarly based on performance and monitoring findings and also hire external advisors to provide support with value creation opportunities.

(1) for all of our real estate investments

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
RE 16	CORE	N/A	N/A	PUBLIC	Monitoring	1

What proportion of your real estate assets have obtained an ESG/RI certification or label?

- o (A) All of our real estate assets have obtained an ESG/RI certification or label
- o (B) The majority of our real estate assets have obtained an ESG/RI certification or label
- (C) A minority of our real estate assets have obtained an ESG/RI certification or label
- o (D) None of our real estate assets have obtained an ESG/RI certification or label

${\bf Stewardship}$

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
RE 17	CORE	OO 26	N/A	PUBLIC	Stewardship	1, 2

How does your property manager engage with tenants? (If you are a property manager, please report on your direct tenant engagement.)

${\bf Tenants\ with\ operational\ control}$

(A) We engage with real estate tenants through organising tenant events focused on increasing sustainability awareness, ESG training and guidance	(1) for all of our buildings or properties
(B) We engage with real estate tenants on energy and water consumption and/or waste production	(1) for all of our buildings or properties
(C) We engage with real estate tenants by offering green leases	(4) for none of our buildings or properties
(D) We engage with real estate tenants through identifying collaboration opportunities that support net-zero targets	(4) for none of our buildings or properties
(E) We engage with real estate tenants by offering shared financial benefits from equipment upgrades	(3) for a minority of our buildings or properties
(F) Other, please specify: ${\rm N/A}$	(4) for none of our buildings or properties
Tenants without operational control	
(A) We engage with real estate tenants through organising tenant events focused on increasing sustainability awareness, ESG training and guidance	(1) for all of our buildings or properties
(B) We engage with real estate tenants on energy and water consumption and/or waste production	(1) for all of our buildings or properties
(C) We engage with real estate tenants by offering green leases	(4) for none of our buildings or properties

(D) We engage with real estate tenants through identifying collaboration opportunities that support net-zero targets	(4) for none of our buildings or properties
(E) We engage with real estate tenants by offering shared financial benefits from equipment upgrades	(4) for none of our buildings or properties
(F) Other, please specify: ${\rm N/A}$	(4) for none of our buildings or properties

Exit

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
RE 18	CORE	N/A	N/A	PUBLIC	Exit	4, 6

During the reporting year, what responsible investment information has your organisation shared with potential buyers of real estate investments?

(A) We shared our firm's high-level commitment to responsible investment (e.g. that we are a PRI signatory)	(1) for all of our real estate investments		
(B) We shared a description of what industry and asset class standards our firm aligns with (e.g. TCFD, GRESB)	(1) for all of our real estate investments		
(C) We shared our firm's responsible investment policy (at minimum, a summary of key aspects and firm-specific approach)	(1) for all of our real estate investments		
(D) We shared our firm's ESG risk assessment methodology (topics covered, in-house and/or with external support)	(4) for none of our real estate investments		
(E) We shared the outcome of our latest ESG risk assessment on the property(s)	(4) for none of our real estate investments		
(F) We shared key ESG performance data on the property(s) being sold	(1) for all of our real estate investments		
(G) Other, please specify:	(4) for none of our real estate investments		
N/A			

Reporting/Disclosure

ESG portfolio information

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
RE 19	CORE	N/A	N/A	PUBLIC	ESG portfolio information	6

During the reporting year, how did you report on core ESG data and targets to your investors or beneficiaries?

- \square (A) We reported in aggregate through a publicly disclosed sustainability report
- ☑ (B) We reported in aggregate through formal reporting to investors or beneficiaries
- □ (C) We reported at the property level through formal reporting to investors or beneficiaries
- ☐ (D) We reported through a limited partners advisory committee (or equivalent)
- ☑ (E) We reported back at digital or physical events or meetings with investors or beneficiaries
- \square (F) We did ad hoc or informal reporting on serious ESG incidents
- \square (G) Other, please specify:
- ☐ (H) We did not report on core ESG data and targets to our investors or beneficiaries during the reporting year